



# **FOCUS ON INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS**




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The field of international comparisons of statistical data has a long-standing tradition in the Czech Republic. The most important data from abroad were mentioned already in the first volumes of the „Book of Jurisprudence and Science of the State“ with a regular supplement „Overview of Statistical Work“, published at the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> century (1901). Also international cooperation of the Czechoslovak statistical service in many forms has a long and rich tradition. In addition to bilateral cooperation, contacts were gradually established with emerging international organisations in areas of their activities dealing with statistics. The production and supply of information to international organisations and cooperation with them in solving statistical problems, particularly in unifying international recommendations in the area of methodology, has been laid down in the State Statistical Service Act. Unification and harmonisation of many important indicators was carried out gradually, on international basis. This made a relatively wide scope of data internationally comparable and created preconditions for international comparisons and statistical analyses to be organised and carried out. Collective work of this kind started to run in international organisations particularly at the beginning of the 1960's.

A workplace specialized in the issues of international statistics and contacts with other countries was established in the then „State Statistical Office“ as early as 1957 and has been laid down in the organisation structure of the statistical office to date. Besides cooperation with other national statistical institutions, among routine working relations of the office is also cooperation with the UN Statistical Commission, which started in 1946 (the statistical office has been a member of the CES since 1955), and with other international institutions, such as ILO, FAO, UNECE, UNESCO, OECD, IEA, IMF, EBRD, ECB, World Bank, European Commission, WHO, ITMF (International Textile Manufacturers Federation), IWTO (International Wool Textile Organisation), and in recent years predominantly with Eurostat. International cooperation of the Czech statistical service makes available valuable external sources of statistics and opens access to statistical databases, which have also been a source of data for this publication.

In terms of data availability, the position of the Czech Republic can be viewed either globally, in the framework of the world, Europe, OECD or selected countries or, last but not least, in the framework of the European Union, which the Czech Republic joined this year.

The aim of this publication is to show the present state and position of the Czech Republic, using selected statistical data from the area of international comparisons. Since the scope of the publication is limited, the following areas have been chosen: population, economy & trade, research & development, health & social situation, and the environment.

## 1. POPULATION



### 1.1 Countries with the highest and lowest annual rate of change of population, 2000-2005

Country or area	Average annual rate of change of population (%), 2000-2005	Country or area	Average annual rate of change of population (%), 2000-2005
Liberia	4.50	Serbia and Montenegro	-0.08
Northern Mariana Islands	4.40	Czech Republic	-0.10
Somalia	4.17	Italy	-0.10
Timor-Leste	4.00	Republic of Moldova	-0.11
Afghanistan	3.88	Slovenia	-0.11
Sierra Leone	3.80	Croatia	-0.19
Eritrea	3.65	Romania	-0.23
Niger	3.62	Grenada	-0.26
Occ. Palestinian Territory	3.57	Saint Kitts and Nevis	-0.30
Yemen	3.52	Kazakhstan	-0.36
Kuwait	3.46	Armenia	-0.45
Uganda	3.24	Belarus	-0.45
Angola	3.20	Hungary	-0.46
Burundi	3.10	Russia	-0.57
Mali	3.00	Lithuania	-0.58
Maldives	2.98	Ukraine	-0.78
Mauritania	2.98	Bulgaria	-0.85
Bhutan	2.96	Georgia	-0.92
Chad	2.96	Latvia	-0.93
Burkina Faso	2.95	Estonia	-1.10

Source: Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat, World Population Prospects: The 2002 Revision

## 1. POPULATION



### 1.2 Median age (years) in selected countries, 2002

Country	Total	Males	Females	Country	Total	Males	Females
Australia	36.0	35.2	36.8	Latvia	39.0	35.5	42.1
Austria	39.4	38.2	40.7	Liechtenstein	38.3	37.9	38.8
Belgium	40.0	38.7	41.3	Lithuania	36.6	33.9	39.2
Bosnia and Herzegovina	35.5	35.1	35.9	Luxembourg	38.1	37.2	38.9
Brazil	27.0	26.2	27.7	Malta	37.2	35.6	38.8
Bulgaria	40.5	38.4	42.4	Mexico	23.8	22.9	24.6
China	31.5	31.2	31.7	Monaco	45.0	43.0	47.0
Croatia	38.9	37.1	40.7	Netherlands	38.6	37.7	39.5
Cuba	34.5	33.9	35.1	New Zealand	33.1	32.4	33.9
Cyprus	34.2	33.1	35.2	Norway	37.7	36.7	38.7
Czech Republic	38.4	36.6	40.2	Poland	36.0	34.1	38.0
Denmark	39.1	38.1	40.1	Portugal	37.6	35.8	39.3
Estonia	38.1	34.7	41.3	Romania	35.4	34.0	37.1
Finland	40.3	38.8	41.8	Russia	37.6	34.7	40.3
France	38.3	36.8	39.8	Saudi Arabia	18.8	20.9	16.8
Germany	41.3	39.9	42.8	Singapore	34.5	34.3	34.8
Greece	39.8	38.6	41.0	Slovakia	35.0	33.3	36.7
Hungary	38.4	35.7	41.1	Slovenia	38.6	37.1	40.2
Iceland	34.0	33.2	34.7	South Africa	24.5	24.0	25.0
India	24.1	24.1	24.2	Sudan	17.7	17.5	17.9
Indonesia	25.8	25.4	26.2	Spain	38.7	37.4	40.1
Ireland	33.1	32.2	34.0	Sweden	40.1	39.0	41.4
Israel	28.9	28.1	29.8	Switzerland	40.2	39.3	41.2
Italy	41.0	39.4	42.6	Syria	19.7	19.6	19.9
Japan	42.0	40.3	43.8	Turkey	26.8	26.7	27.0
Korea, North	31.1	30.0	32.3	Ukraine	38.0	34.8	40.9
Korea, South	33.2	32.2	34.2	United Kingdom	38.4	37.3	39.5
				United States	35.8	34.5	37.1

Source: CIA Factbook (<http://www.cia.gov/cia/publications/factbook/fields/2177.html>)

## 1. POPULATION



### 1.3 World's 20 most populous countries, 2003

	Country or area	Population (in thousands)			Sex ratio (males per 100 females)
		Total	Males	Females	
1.	China	1 304 196	669 777	634 419	106
2.	India	1 065 462	549 064	516 398	106
3.	United States	294 043	144 448	149 595	97
4.	Indonesia	219 883	109 909	109 975	100
5.	Brazil	178 470	87 911	90 560	97
6.	Pakistan	153 578	78 628	74 950	105
7.	Bangladesh	146 736	75 238	71 498	105
8.	Russian Federation	143 246	66 947	76 300	88
9.	Japan	127 654	62 400	65 254	96
10.	Nigeria	124 009	62 451	61 558	101
11.	Mexico	103 457	50 796	52 661	96
12.	Germany	82 476	40 299	42 177	96
13.	Viet Nam	81 377	40 550	40 827	99
14.	Philippines	79 999	40 280	39 719	101
15.	Egypt	71 931	35 899	36 032	100
16.	Turkey	71 325	35 929	35 396	102
17.	Ethiopia	70 678	35 094	35 584	99
18.	Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	68 920	34 925	33 995	103
19.	Thailand	62 833	30 848	31 985	96
20.	France	60 144	29 299	30 845	95
75.	Czech Republic	10 236	4 981	5 254	95

Source: Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the UN Secretariat, 2003

### 1.4 World's 20 most populous cities, 2003

	City	Country	Population
1.	Mumbai (Bombay)	India	12 383 100
2.	Buenos Aires	Argentina	12 116 400
3.	Karachi	Pakistan	10 537 200
4.	Manila	Philippines	10 232 900
5.	Delhi	India	10 203 700
6.	Sao Paulo	Brazil	10 195 000
7.	Seoul	Korea	9 630 600
8.	Istanbul	Turkey	9 419 000
9.	Shanghai	China	9 005 600
10.	Dhaka	Bangladesh	8 942 300
11.	Jakarta	Indonesia	8 827 900
12.	Mexico City	Mexico	8 681 400
13.	Moscow	Russia	8 368 200
14.	Lagos	Nigeria	8 349 700
15.	Tokyo	Japan	8 240 100
16.	Lima	Peru	8 113 000
17.	New York City	United States	8 084 316
18.	Cairo	Egypt	7 937 700
19.	Teheran	Iran	7 893 700
20.	London	United Kingdom	7 417 700
	Prague	Czech Republic	1 161 938

Source: U.S. Census Bureau. International Database, Czech Statistical Office



## 1. POPULATION



### 1.5 Twenty countries with highest share of urban population, 2001

Country or area	Continent	Population distribution, in %	
		Urban	Rural
Bermuda	America	100	0
China, Hong Kong SAR	Asia	100	0
Gibraltar	Europe	100	0
Guadeloupe	America	100	0
Monaco	Europe	100	0
Nauru	Australia and Oceania	100	0
Singapore	Asia	100	0
China, Macao SAR	Asia	99	1
Belgium	Europe	97	3
Kuwait	Asia	96	4
Western Sahara	Africa	96	4
Martinique	America	95	5
Bahrain	Asia	93	7
Iceland	Europe	93	7
Qatar	Asia	93	7
Andorra	Europe	92	8
Israel	Asia	92	8
Luxembourg	Europe	92	8
Uruguay	America	92	8
Australia	Australia and Oceania	91	9
Czech Republic	Europe	75	26

Source: Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat, World Urbanization Prospects

### 1.6 Twenty countries with the highest share of rural population, 2001

Country or area	Continent	Population distribution, in %	
		Urban	Rural
Rwanda	Africa	6	94
Bhutan	Asia	7	93
East Timor	Asia	8	92
Burundi	Africa	9	91
Nepal	Asia	12	88
Malawi	Africa	15	85
Uganda	Africa	15	85
Ethiopia	Africa	16	84
Burkina Faso	Africa	17	83
Cambodia	Asia	18	82
Papua New Guinea	Australia and Oceania	18	82
Eritrea	Africa	19	81
Lao People's Dem.Rep.	Asia	20	80
Solomon Islands	Australia and Oceania	20	80
Thailand	Asia	20	80
Niger	Africa	21	79
Afghanistan	Asia	22	78
Liechtenstein	Europe	22	78
Samoa	Australia and Oceania	22	78
Vanuatu	Australia and Oceania	22	78

Source: Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat, World Urbanization Prospects

## 1. POPULATION



### 1.7 Area and population of European countries, 1 January 2003

Country	Capital	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Population (thousand)	Density per km <sup>2</sup>
Albania	Tiranë	28 748	<sup>1)</sup> 3 401.2	<sup>1)</sup> 118
Armenia	Yerevan	29 800	<sup>5)</sup> 3 210.3	<sup>3)</sup> 108
Austria	Vienna	83 853	8 067.3	96
Azerbaijan	Baku	86 600	8 202.5	95
Belarus	Mensk (Minsk)	207 600	9 898.6	48
Belgium	Brussels	30 519	10 355.8	339
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sarajevo	51 129	<sup>3)</sup> 3 828.4	<sup>3)</sup> 145
Bulgaria	Sofia	111 002	<sup>4)</sup> 7 845.8	71
Croatia	Zagreb	56 542	<sup>4)</sup> 4 442.2	79
Cyprus	Nicosia	9 251	802.5	87
Czech Republic	Prague	78 866	10 203.3	129
Denmark	Copenhagen	43 077	5 383.5	125
Estonia	Tallinn	45 227	1 356.0	30
Finland	Helsinki	338 127	<sup>4)</sup> 5 206.3	15
France	Paris	551 500	59 630.1	108
Georgia	Tbilisi	69 700	4 342.6	62
Germany	Berlin	357 021	<sup>4)</sup> 82 536.7	231
Greece	Athens	131 957	<sup>1,4)</sup> 10 554.4	<sup>1)</sup> 80
Hungary	Budapest	93 030	<sup>4)</sup> 10 142.4	109
Iceland	Reykjavik	103 000	288.5	3
Ireland	Dublin	70 273	<sup>4)</sup> 3 963.6	<sup>3)</sup> 55
Italy	Rome	301 268	<sup>3)</sup> 56 305.6	<sup>2)</sup> 192
Latvia	Riga	64 589	2 331.5	36
Liechtenstein	Vaduz	160	<sup>4)</sup> 33.9	212
Lithuania	Vilnius	65 300	3 462.6	53
Luxembourg	Luxembourg	2 586	448.3	173
Macedonia	Skopje	25 713	<sup>3)</sup> 2 038.7	<sup>3)</sup> 79
Malta	Valletta	316	386.9	1 257
Moldova	Chisinau	33 844	3 618.3	107
Netherlands	Amsterdam	41 528	16 192.6	479
Norway	Oslo	323 758	4 552.3	14
Poland	Warsaw	312 677	38 218.5	122
Portugal	Lisbon	92 389	10 407.5	113
Romania	Bucharest	237 500	21 772.8	92
Russia	Moscow	17 075 400	143 097.0	8
Serbia and Montenegro	Belgrade	102	<sup>3)</sup> 10 662.3	<sup>3)</sup> 104
Slovakia	Bratislava	49 035	5 379.2	110
Slovenia	Ljubljana	20 273	<sup>4)</sup> 1 995.0	98
Spain	Madrid	504 782	40 683.0	<sup>3)</sup> 80
Sweden	Stockholm	449 964	8 940.8	20
Switzerland	Bern	41 284	7 317.9	177
Turkey	Ankara	769 604	<sup>4)</sup> 69 629.9	90
Ukraine	Kyiv (Kiev)	603 700	48 003.5	<sup>2)</sup> 80
United Kingdom	London	242 910	59 328.9	<sup>2)</sup> 246

<sup>1)</sup> 1 Jan. 2000 <sup>2)</sup> 1 Jan. 2001 <sup>3)</sup> 1 Jan. 2002 <sup>4)</sup> de facto population

Source: Council of Europe: Recent demographic developments in Europe, 2003

## 1. POPULATION



### 1.8 Population growth rate in European countries, 2002 (if not otherwise specified)

Country	Population growth rate total, in %	Incl.:	
		Rate of net migration (immigration minus emigration), in %	Rate of natural increase (excess of births over deaths), in %
Albania	1.05 1995	-0.61 1995	1.65 1995
Armenia	-0.08	-0.29	0.21
Austria	0.35	0.32	0.03
Azerbaijan	0.75	-0.04	0.79
Belarus	-0.53	0.06	-0.58
Belgium	0.45	0.40	0.05
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.79 2001	0.59 2001	0.19 2001
Bulgaria	-0.59	0.00	-0.59
Croatia	-0.04	0.19	-0.24
Cyprus	1.18	0.80	0.38
Czech Republic	-0.03	0.12	-0.15
Denmark	0.28	0.18	0.10
Estonia	-0.38	0.01	-0.39
Finland	0.22	0.10	0.12
France	0.48	0.11	0.37
Georgia	-0.66	-0.67	0.00
Germany	0.12	0.27	-0.15
Greece	0.10 2000	0.12 2000	-0.02 2000
Hungary	-0.32	0.03	-0.35
Iceland	0.66	-0.96	0.80
Ireland	1.63	0.74 2001	0.73 2001
Italy	0.28 2001	0.32 2001	-0.03 2001
Latvia	-0.61	-0.08	-0.53
Lithuania	-0.38	-0.06	-0.32
Luxembourg	0.95	0.59	0.36
Malta	0.48	0.41	0.20
Moldova	-0.26	-0.09	-0.17
Netherlands	0.54	0.17	0.37
Norway	0.62	0.38	0.24
Poland	-0.05	-0.03	-0.01
Portugal	0.75	0.68	0.08
Romania	-0.28	-0.01	-0.27
Russia	-0.60	0.05	-0.65
Serbia and Montenegro	0.16 2001	0.02 2001	0.16 2001
Slovakia	0.00	0.02	-0.01
Slovenia	0.05	0.11	-0.06
Spain	0.68	0.56	0.11
Sweden	0.35	0.35	0.01
Switzerland	0.78	0.63	0.15
Macedonia	0.37 2001	-0.13 2001	0.50 2001
Turkey	0.80	0.15 2001	1.43
Ukraine	-0.85 2000	-0.07	-0.76
United Kingdom	0.32	0.25 2001	0.11 2001

Source: Council of Europe: Recent demographic developments in Europe, 2003

# 1. POPULATION



## 1.9 Population age structure in Europe, 1 January 2003 (if not otherwise specified)

Country	Proportion by age-group (%)				Dependency ratio (65+ of 0-14), in %
	0-14	15-44	45-64	65+	
Albania <sup>1)</sup>	32.2	17.4	17.6	5.6	17.4
Armenia <sup>3)</sup>	24.5	87.6	18.4	9.6	39.1
Austria	16.6	39.1	24.9	15.5	93.7
Azerbaijan	27.5	93.7	14.4	6.5	23.8
Belarus	16.9	23.8	23.1	14.0	83.1
Belgium	17.4	83.1	24.5	17.0	97.8
Bosnia and Herzegovina <sup>3)</sup>	9.9	97.8	11.7	7.4	55.5
Bulgaria	14.6	55.5	26.5	17.0	116.9
Croatia	16.6	116.9	25.7	16.3	98.2
Cyprus	20.8	98.2	22.7	11.8	56.7
Czech Republic	15.6	56.7	27.4	13.9	89.2
Denmark	18.8	89.2	26.2	14.8	78.8
Estonia	16.6	78.8	24.8	15.9	95.9
Finland	17.8	95.9	27.6	15.3	86.1
France	18.7	86.1	24.0	16.3	87.4
Georgia	20.4	87.4	21.6	13.3	65.0
Germany	15.0	65.0	25.9	17.5	116.3
Greece <sup>1)</sup>	15.2	116.3	24.1	17.3	114.1
Hungary	16.1	114.1	26.8	15.4	95.4
Iceland	22.9	95.4	21.4	11.7	51.1
Ireland <sup>3)</sup>	21.2	51.1	21.1	11.2	52.7
Italy <sup>2)</sup>	14.4	52.7	25.1	18.2	127.1
Latvia	16.0	127.1	24.8	15.9	99.2
Liechtenstein	18.2	99.2	25.9	10.8	59.0
Lithuania	18.3	59.0	22.7	14.7	80.5
Luxembourg	18.8	80.5	23.7	14.0	74.5
Malta	18.7	74.5	26.2	12.8	68.5
Moldova	20.7	68.5	21.6	9.8	47.1
Netherlands	18.6	47.1	25.3	13.7	73.8
Norway	20.0	73.8	24.1	14.8	74.0
Poland	17.8	74.0	24.6	12.8	71.8
Portugal	15.8	71.8	24.0	16.7	105.5
Romania	17.0	105.5	24.0	14.2	83.3
Russia	16.2	83.3	24.4	13.3	82.1
Serbia and Montenegro <sup>3)</sup>	19.5	107.0	23.7	14.1	72.2
Slovakia	18.0	72.2	24.0	11.6	64.4
Slovenia	15.0	64.4	26.0	14.8	98.5
Spain <sup>3)</sup>	14.6	98.5	22.5	17.1	117.1
Sweden	18.0	117.1	25.9	17.2	95.2
Switzerland	16.9	95.2	25.4	15.5	91.8
Macedonia <sup>3)</sup>	21.5	91.8	21.9	10.5	48.7
Turkey	29.6	48.7	15.3	5.5	18.7
Ukraine <sup>2)</sup>	15.8	18.7	24.9	15.0	95.5
United Kingdom <sup>2)</sup>	18.9	95.5	23.4	15.6	82.3

<sup>1)</sup> 1 Jan. 2000 <sup>2)</sup> 1 Jan. 2001 <sup>3)</sup> 1 Jan. 2002

Source: Council of Europe: Recent demographic developments in Europe, 2003

## 1. POPULATION



### 1.10 Employment indicators, 2001

Country	Total employment as a % of population	Percentage of total employment in sector			Percentage of women in employment in sector		
		Agricult.	Industry	Services	Agricult.	Industry	Services
Austria	48.5	<sup>1)</sup> 5.8	30.3	63.9	45.8	20.1	53.9
Belarus	<sup>3)</sup> 41.0	15.8	35.4	48.8	36.6	43.6	65.0
Belgium	39.5	1.6	26.0	72.3	27.6	19.3	50.7
Bulgaria	34.6	9.7	32.7	57.5	35.3	42.2	53.4
Cyprus	<sup>1)</sup> 41.6	4.9	24.0	71.1	34.8	21.8	48.8
Czech Republic	46.2	4.7	40.0	55.2	44.0	30.0	32.0
Denmark	50.9	3.3	25.4	71.3	22.5	24.9	55.8
Estonia	42.4	6.9	33.0	60.1	27.5	34.6	59.6
Finland	45.6	5.7	27.1	66.9	31.1	24.1	58.5
France	40.1	<sup>2)</sup> 4.0	25.0	71.0	.	.	.
Germany	44.7	2.6	32.4	65.0	35.5	24.3	54.1
Greece	36.9	16.0	22.8	61.2	42.0	19.7	43.7
Hungary	37.9	6.2	34.4	59.4	25.1	33.4	53.8
Iceland	55.8	7.8	22.6	69.6	21.0	21.9	57.5
Ireland	44.7	7.0	29.0	64.0	10.7	20.7	53.4
Italy	37.2	5.2	31.8	63.0	32.2	24.1	44.7
Latvia	40.9	15.0	25.4	59.5	38.3	32.6	59.5
Lithuania	42.0	16.3	27.6	56.1	37.9	38.1	60.0
Luxembourg	<sup>1)</sup> 41.3	1.5	21.3	76.7	.	12.4	47.9
Netherlands	49.4	2.8	21.2	76.0	32.6	18.2	50.7
Norway	49.4	3.9	21.6	74.4	23.6	19.5	55.8
Poland	36.8	<sup>1)</sup> 18.8	30.8	50.4	43.9	27.7	55.8
Portugal	48.5	12.7	34.6	52.7	50.7	30.0	54.3
Romania	47.7	<sup>1)</sup> 42.8	26.2	31.0	49.4	37.4	49.9
Russia	44.7	12.0	31.0	57.0	38.1	37.9	62.9
Slovakia	39.4	6.1	37.6	56.2	27.9	31.3	57.9
Slovenia	<sup>4)</sup> 45.9	9.8	38.2	50.9	44.4	34.4	54.4
Spain	39.6	6.4	31.5	62.1	26.2	17.2	48.3
Sweden	47.7	2.3	23.8	74.0	24.0	22.2	57.0
Switzerland	54.5	4.0	24.6	71.0	.	22.5	52.5
Turkey	30.1	35.4	23.6	41.0	46.3	14.8	17.0
United Kingdom	47.4	1.4	24.8	73.5	22.0	20.5	53.5
Canada	48.5	2.9	22.7	74.4	25.4	23.1	54.1
Israel	36.8	<sup>1, 5)</sup> 2.2	24.0	73.9	18.2	22.9	53.5
United States	47.4	2.3	21.6	76.1	27.6	24.2	53.6

<sup>1)</sup> 2000

<sup>2)</sup> 1998

<sup>3)</sup> Labour-related establishment survey

<sup>4)</sup> Official estimates

<sup>5)</sup> Including workers from the Judea, Samaria and Gaza areas.

Source: UNECE Statistical Division; ILO LABORSTA database.

# 1. POPULATION



## 1.11 Unemployment indicators, 2001

Country	Unemployment rates		Youth unemployment rates (15 - 24)		Percentage of unemployed by economic sector, both sexes			
	M	W	M <sup>1)</sup>	W <sup>2)</sup>	With work experience in:			No exper.
					Agricult.	Industry	Services	
Austria	3.5	3.8	.	.	2.9	34.9	57.3	5.1
Belgium	5.9	7.5	14.3	16.6	<sup>3)</sup> 0.8	22.8	76.5	.
Bulgaria	20.2	18.4	42.0	34.5	6.2	28.6	42.0	23.3
Cyprus	2.7	5.8	6.3	10.3	<sup>6)</sup> 0.9	24.8	49.9	24.3
Czech Republic	6.8	9.9	16.0	17.3	4.0	36.6	44.2	15.4
Denmark	3.9	4.9	7.3	9.3	<sup>3)</sup> 2.8	25.7	58.3	13.3
Estonia	12.9	12.2	19.1	26.4	<sup>10)</sup> 8.8	36.0	40.2	14.9
Finland	8.6	9.7	19.8	20.2	2.5	19.3	45.4	32.8
France	7.1	10.7	16.2	21.8	.	.	.	.
Germany	7.7	7.8	9.1	7.5	4.7	41.0	48.0	6.3
Greece	6.7	15.4	21.0	35.7	1.5	14.9	36.9	46.7
Hungary	6.3	5.0	11.5	9.8	<sup>10)</sup> 5.9	34.2	46.5	13.4
Iceland	2.0	2.5	5.4	4.3	<sup>4)</sup> 8.1	21.6	51.4	16.2
Ireland	3.8	3.5	6.4	5.8	.	.	.	.
Italy	7.3	13.0	25.0	32.2	4.5	12.0	31.2	52.2
Latvia	14.4	11.7	22.6	21.5	<sup>7, 8)</sup> 4.6	24.5	27.8	43.1
Lithuania	19.7	14.2	34.9	23.6	8.2	33.1	35.2	23.6
Netherlands	2.2	3.4	5.5	6.1	.	.	.	.
Norway	3.7	3.4	<sup>3)</sup> 10.6	10.3	.	.	.	.
Poland	16.9	19.8	<sup>5)</sup> 40.1	42.0	3.4	30.3	44.1	22.2
Portugal	3.2	5.1	7.2	11.9	<sup>3)</sup> 2.7	33.4	50.1	13.8
Romania	7.1	5.9	.	.	8.7	31.0	26.8	33.4
Russia	9.3	8.5	21.0	23.1	.	.	.	.
Slovakia	19.5	18.8	38.4	35.7	<sup>9)</sup> 6.1	31.5	40.9	21.5
Slovenia	5.6	6.3	15.1	17.5	1.8	38.6	29.8	28.1
Spain	7.5	15.2	<sup>3)</sup> 16.1	27.0	<sup>3)</sup> 8.8	16.7	53.2	21.4
Sweden	4.3	3.6	<sup>3)</sup> 12.7	10.8	<sup>4)</sup> 2.3	22.9	62.9	9.7
Switzerland	1.7	3.5	5.8	5.5	.	.	.	.
Turkey	8.8	7.9	17.4	15.3	6.5	37.3	31.8	24.4
United Kingdom	5.3	4.2	<sup>3)</sup> 12.0	8.7	<sup>5)</sup> 1.2	23.6	58.5	16.7
Canada	7.5	6.8	14.5	11.0	3.8	21.0	75.2	.
Israel	8.9	9.8	.	.	1.4	16.3	36.9	45.4
United States	4.8	4.7	<sup>3)</sup> 11.4	9.7	<sup>3, 10)</sup> 3.4	23.5	65.4	7.6

<sup>1)</sup> Unemployed young men as % of male youth labour force

<sup>2)</sup> Unemployed young women as % of female youth labour force

<sup>3)</sup> 2000

<sup>4)</sup> 16-74

<sup>5)</sup> 16 years and over

<sup>6)</sup> The data relate to the government-controlled areas

<sup>7)</sup> Incl. the unemployed whose last job was over 3 years ago

<sup>8)</sup> Excl. persons on child-care leave

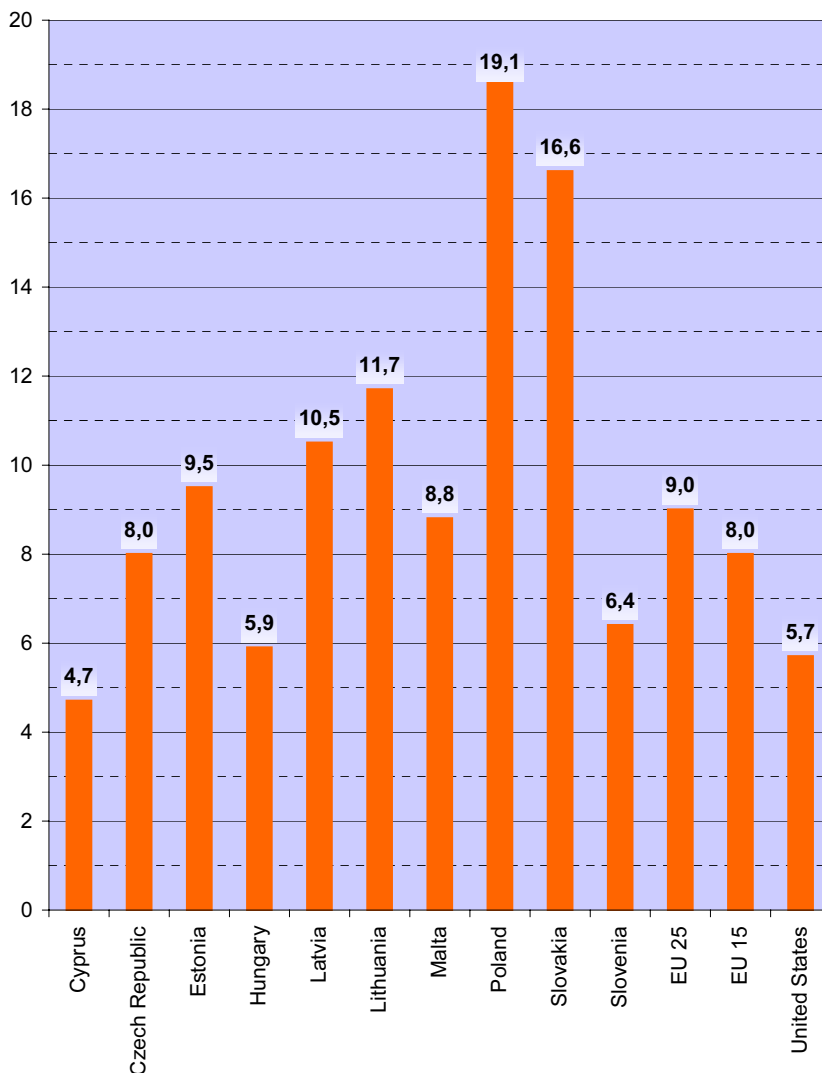
<sup>9)</sup> 15-74

<sup>10)</sup> Excl. residents of the Territories and indigenous persons living on reserves; excl. full-time members of the armed forces.

Source: ILO LABORSTA database



## 1.12 Unemployment rate, total, January 2004



Unemployment rates represent the number of people unemployed (aged 15-74) as a percentage of the labour force. The labour force is the total number of people employed and unemployed.

Source: EUROSTAT News Release

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### 1.13 Size of households

Country	Year	Unit	Number of inhabitants per household					Households total
			1	2	3	4+	5+	
Czech Republic	2002	thous.	668	1 325	1 090	1 134	-	4 216
		%	15.8	31.4	25.8	26.9	-	
Denmark	2003	thous.	921	821	301	289	135	2 467
		%	37.3	33.3	12.2	11.7	5.5	
Finland	2003	thous.	903	754	307	390	-	2 354
		%	38.4	32.0	13.1	16.6	-	
France	2002	thous.	8 105	8 459	4 053	3 871	2 126	26 614
		%	30.5	31.8	15.2	14.5	8.0	
Germany	2003	thous.	14 225	13 060	5 487	4 315	1 633	38 720
		%	36.7	33.7	14.2	11.1	4.2	
Greece	2002	thous.	519	854	657	746	422	3 198
		%	16.2	26.7	20.5	23.3	13.2	
Hungary	2002	thous.	756	1 062	679	1 282	-	3 778
		%	20.0	28.1	18.0	33.9	-	
Ireland	2002	thous.	278	334	228	223	226	1 288
		%	21.6	25.9	17.7	17.3	17.5	
Italy	2001	thous.	5 179	5 801	5 112	4 490	1 645	22 226
		%	23.3	26.1	23.0	20.2	7.4	
Latvia	2003	thous.	201	224	168	125	85	803
		%	25.0	28.0	21.0	15.0	11.0	
Lithuania	2003	thous.	389	348	272	236	111	1 356
		%	28.7	25.7	20.1	17.4	8.2	
Luxembourg	2001	thous.	49.8	48.5	29.4	28.5	15.8	172
		%	29.0	28.2	17.1	16.6	9.2	
Netherlands	2003	thous.	2 345	2 275	903	959	452	6 934
		%	33.8	32.8	13.0	13.8	6.5	
Poland	2002	thous.	6 404	-	2 654	4 279	-	13 337
		%	48.0	-	19.9	32.1	-	
Portugal	2001	thous.	632	1 036	919	718	345	3 651
		%	17.3	28.4	25.2	19.7	9.5	
Romania	2002	thous.	1 384	1 953	1 666	1 304	1 012	7 320
		%	18.9	26.7	22.8	17.8	13.8	
Slovakia	2002	thous.	500	409	340	395	256	1 900
		%	26.3	21.5	17.9	20.8	13.5	
Spain	2002-03	thous.	1 623	4 345	3 336	4 928	-	14 232
		%	11.4	30.5	23.4	34.6	-	
Sweden	2003	thous.	2 343	1 155	313	364	-	4 328
		%	54.1	26.7	7.2	8.4	-	
Switzerland	2001	thous.	976	1 359	473	198	-	3 006
		%	32.5	29.1	15.8	6.6	-	
Turkey	1994	thous.	415	1 938	2 356	8 733	-	13 342
		%	3.1	13.8	17.7	65.5	-	
Ukraine	2001	thous.	3 808	5 095	4 007	5 222	-	18 133
		%	21.0	28.1	22.1	29.8	-	
United Kingdom	2001-02	thous.	6 972	8 715	3 984	3 486	1 743	24 900
		%	28.0	35.0	16.0	14.0	7.0	

Source: European Marketing Pocket Book, 2004



## 1. POPULATION



### 1.14 Income and savings of households, 2002

Country	Households	
	Disposable income per capita (USD), at current PPPs 2002	Gross savings of households as % of disposable income <sup>1)</sup> 2002
Australia	17 747	4.5
Austria	<sup>4)</sup> 17 538	13.0
Belgium	<sup>4)</sup> 16 895	14.3
Canada	19 335	13.6
Czech Republic	<sup>3)</sup> 7 848	<sup>3)</sup> 7.0
Denmark	15 535	12.8
Finland	15 639	17.4
France	17 094	11.1
Germany	16 218	9.6
Greece	<sup>2)</sup> 12 267	13.0
Iceland	15 866	7.8
Ireland	17 494	19.1
Italy	17 045	9.5
Japan	16 601	9.6
Korea	13 088	23.2
Mexico	<sup>4)</sup> 7 011	<sup>4)</sup> 10.8
Netherlands	16 332	12.5
New Zealand	<sup>4)</sup> 13 302	<sup>4)</sup> 7.8
Norway	21 556	29.6
Poland	<sup>3)</sup> 7 966	<sup>3)</sup> 22.9
Portugal	11 061	1.2
Slovakia	<sup>4)</sup> 6 481	<sup>4)</sup> -0.4
Spain	14 843	13.2
Sweden	15 250	15.7
Switzerland	<sup>4)</sup> 21 775	<sup>4)</sup> 18.7
Turkey	4 971	13.8
United Kingdom	<sup>3)</sup> 16 874	5.5
United States	25 946	2.5

<sup>1)</sup> Gross saving is defined as gross national disposable income minus private and government consumption.

<sup>2)</sup> 1999

<sup>3)</sup> 2000

<sup>4)</sup> 2001

Source: OECD Main Economic Indicators, June 2004

## 1. POPULATION



### 1.15 Household penetration of selected consumer durables, in %

Country	Year	Refrigerator	Wash. machine	Micro-wave oven	Dish-washer	TV	Video camera	Passenger car	Telephone
Austria	2002	97.6	94.0	71.4	69.9	98.2	.	84.7	87.8
Belgium	2002	96.9	93.4	79.2	47.8	97.8	24.0	88.8	83.9
Bulgaria	2001	84.2	42.0	8.2	1.6	95.9	1.0	35.7	72.5
Czech Republic <sup>1)</sup>	2002	95.2	92.1	62.2	11.8	95.5	13.3	58.2	46.1
Denmark	2003	99.0	80.0	62.0	52.0	.	19.0	69.0	94.0
Estonia	2002	92.2	79.4	38.0	3.0	95.0	7.7	51.0	67.0
Finland	2002	.	87.0	84.0	50.0	95.0	16.0	75.0	67.0
France	2002	.	.	61.0	39.0	94.4	.	80.2	.
Germany	2002-03	61.0	93.0	69.0	60.0	99.0	19.0	79.0	98.0
Greece	2000	99.0	97.0	17.0	24.0	95.0	12.0	61.0	95.0
Hungary	2002	96.4	95.5	61.0	3.9	91.6	6.7	46.3	63.9
Ireland	2002-03	98.0	94.0	83.9	46.5	.	18.9	80.8	86.3
Italy	2002	99.2	98.9	31.2	35.2	99.0	22.9	87.1	85.2
Latvia	2003	88.5	82.7	13.2	1.6	92.0	4.6	39.1	.
Lithuania	2002	95.0	78.0	18.0	.	98.2	.	46.0	59.0
Luxembourg	2001	98.0	93.0	.	65.0	97.0	38.0	48.0	95.0
Netherlands	2003	<sup>2)</sup> 71.0	95.0	74.0	38.0	98.4	23.0	72.0	.
Norway	2003	94.0	95.0	70.0	71.0	98.0	26.0	85.0	.
Poland	2001	97.8	40.1	21.4	2.4	96.9	4.2	47.5	.
Portugal	2002	99.7	96.1	55.3	41.7	99.3	24.7	80.9	.
Romania	2002-03	84.6	56.2	6.2	.	85.6	1.1	27.1	.
Slovakia	2002	<sup>3)</sup> 75.6	69.3	66.8	4.8	99.6	10.4	55.0	70.2
Slovenia	2002	97.7	97.3	13.5	30.7	96.5	.	79.7	91.1
Spain	2002-03	99.2	97.0	62.7	27.6	99.6	17.5	67.2	82.1
Sweden	2003	94.0	75.8	82.2	57.2	99.0	25.9	90.5	.
Turkey	2002-03	98.0	88.4	8.5	22.2	98.3	0.8	31.9	86.1
Ukraine	2002	.	10.9	3.8	.	94.8	.	17.2	.
United Kingdom	2002-03	63.7	79.8	81.5	25.7	93.9	22.4	70.8	93.9

<sup>1)</sup> TGI:Median-Market&Media&Lifestyle(20/01/2002-08/12/2002) TG Age 14-79

<sup>2)</sup> Freezer

<sup>3)</sup> Including freezers

Source: European Marketing Pocket Book, 2004

## 1. POPULATION



### 1.16 Mean age at first marriage by gender (in years)

Country	1980		1990		2000	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
Austria	25.7	23.1	27.3	25.1	30.5	28.1
Belarus	24.3	22.9	23.9	22.0	24.5	22.3
Belgium	24.6	22.2	26.4	24.5	29.1	26.8
Bulgaria	24.5	21.4	24.7	21.7	28.1	24.7
Canada	25.5	23.4	27.9	26.0	29.6	27.6
Croatia	25.7	22.3	27.0	23.3	28.6	25.3
Czech Republic	.	21.6	.	21.6	27.3	24.5
Estonia	24.4	22.6	24.6	22.5	27.5	25.0
Georgia	28.8	26.1	27.0	23.7	28.4	24.8
Germany	26.1	23.4	28.4	25.9	31.2	28.4
Hungary	24.0	21.3	24.2	21.5	27.2	24.7
Latvia	24.0	22.8	24.0	22.2	26.4	24.4
Netherlands	25.4	23.1	28.2	25.9	31.0	29.1
Poland	24.8	22.8	25.0	22.7	26.0	23.7
Portugal	25.4	23.3	26.2	24.2	27.5	25.7
Romania	25.0	22.0	25.0	22.0	26.9	23.6
Slovakia	25.7	23.1	25.9	23.1	28.2	25.2
Slovenia	25.5	22.5	26.6	23.8	29.6	26.7
Sweden	29.0	26.4	31.5	29.0	33.1	30.6
United Kingdom	25.3	23.0	27.2	25.2	30.4	28.3

Source: UNECE (<http://w3.unece.org/stat/gender.asp>)

### 1.17 Divorced population by gender and age, 2000 (males/females as % of male/female population at the age...) %

Age (in years)	18 - 29		30 - 59		60 +	
Country	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
Austria	0.73	1.77	7.50	10.40	3.73	5.55
Belarus	3.48	6.85	9.90	13.82	3.72	5.55
Belgium	0.77	1.67	10.36	11.68	4.97	4.87
Canada	0.56	0.93	6.93	9.32	5.92	6.43
Czech Republic	2.18	3.75	13.26	15.35	5.57	7.73
Denmark	0.58	1.32	10.48	13.12	9.36	10.28
Estonia	2.37	4.80	15.24	19.34	8.61	10.70
Finland	0.78	1.59	13.11	15.75	9.42	10.52
Hungary	0.02	0.15	1.54	7.78	15.76	52.71
Iceland	0.51	1.05	9.53	11.52	7.85	8.05
Israel	.	.	5.91	10.42	4.49	6.23
Italy	0.03	0.11	1.58	2.30	0.95	1.13
Netherlands	0.43	1.24	8.15	10.51	6.25	6.74
Romania	0.04	0.18	1.47	6.60	8.47	43.48
Slovakia	.	.	7.82	9.74	3.01	4.21
Slovenia	0.24	0.68	6.27	7.89	3.89	5.33
Spain	.	.	2.59	4.75	1.26	1.35
Sweden	0.59	1.48	12.58	15.92	12.11	12.52
United Kingdom	1.00	2.12	12.84	14.54	6.36	6.42

Source: UNECE (<http://w3.unece.org/stat/gender.asp>)

## 2. ECONOMY AND TRADE



### 2.1 GDP per capita in OECD countries, 2002, at current prices, in US dollars

OECD countries	GDP per capita	
	Based on current exchange rates	Based on current purchasing power parities
Luxembourg	47 200	49 100
United States	36 100	36 100
Norway	42 000	35 500
Ireland	31 100	32 600
Canada	23 100	30 300
Switzerland <sup>1)</sup>	37 400	30 500
Denmark	32 100	29 200
Netherlands	25 900	29 000
Austria	25 500	28 900
Iceland	29 600	28 400
Australia	20 700	28 100
United Kingdom	26 400	28 000
Belgium	23 700	27 700
France <sup>2)</sup>	23 400	27 200
Sweden	27 000	27 200
Japan	31 300	27 000
Finland	25 300	26 500
Germany	24 100	25 900
Italy	20 400	25 600
Spain	16 200	22 400
New Zealand	14 700	21 800
Greece	12 100	18 400
Portugal	11 700	18 400
Korea	10 000	17 000
Czech Republic	6 800	15 100
Hungary	6 400	13 900
Slovakia	4 500	12 300
Poland	4 900	10 700
Mexico	6 300	9 200
Turkey <sup>1)</sup>	2 600	6 400
OECD-Total <sup>3)</sup>	23 000	25 000
Major seven	30 100	30 700
OECD-Europe	18 300	21 900
EU15	22 600	26 000
Euro-zone	21 600	25 600

Updated February 2003

<sup>1)</sup> Countries still using SNA 68.

<sup>2)</sup> Figures include Overseas Departments.

<sup>3)</sup> OECD-Total includes 30 countries.

Source: National Accounts of OECD countries, Main aggregates, Volume 1

## 2. ECONOMY AND TRADE



### 2.2 GDP in OECD countries

Country or area	Gross domestic product				
	At 1995 prices and 1995 exchange rates, billion dollars		Volume <sup>1)</sup>	At current prices and exchange rates, billion dollars	
	1995	2003	2003/2002 change, %	2000	2003
Australia	372.7	492.4	2.4	388.0	508.2
Austria	235.2	276.7	0.8	190.4	251.0
Belgium	276.7	323.1	0.7	228.3	300.8
Canada	581.7	764.6	1.8	713.8	850.5
Czech Republic	52.0	59.6	2.5	51.4	84.0
Denmark	180.2	212.2	0.5	158.2	209.7
Finland	129.7	170.6	1.0	119.9	158.8
France <sup>2)</sup>	1 553.1	1 834.0	0.1	1 308.4	1 731.6
Germany	2 458.3	2 712.3	-0.1	1 870.3	2 386.2
Greece	117.6	156.4	4.0	113.5	170.6
Hungary	44.7	60.1	2.9	46.7	81.5
Iceland	6.9	9.1	1.9	8.4	10.4
Ireland	66.5	122.7	1.8	94.8	150.0
Italy	1 097.2	1 240.6	0.5	1 074.8	1 455.4
Japan	5 303.8	5 867.2	2.7	4 763.9	4 290.7
Korea	489.3	698.9	2.7	461.5	520.9
Luxembourg	18.1	26.4	1.2	19.6	25.8
Mexico	286.2	381.1	1.5	580.8	611.6
Netherlands	414.8	503.1	-0.5	370.6	509.3
New Zealand	60.8	76.7	2.7	51.7	75.4
Norway	148.0	182.7	0.6	166.9	219.3
Poland	132.3	179.9	3.3	164.1	205.2
Portugal	107.2	131.6	-0.8	106.5	147.4
Slovakia	19.4	26.2	3.9	20.3	32.3
Spain	584.2	757.2	2.3	561.8	827.1
Sweden	248.2	303.9	1.5	239.6	297.5
Switzerland	314.8	350.6	-0.5	246.2	314.0
Turkey <sup>3)</sup>	169.3	215.1	5.0	199.3	235.3
United Kingdom	1 134.9	1 402.6	1.9	1 439.3	1 775.0
United States	7 338.4	9 463.9	2.9	9 762.1	10 857.2
OECD-Total <sup>4)</sup>	23 942.0	29 001.4	2.0	25 520.9	29 292.5
EU15	8 621.8	10 173.4	0.6	7 895.8	10 396.0
Euro-zone	7 058.5	8 254.7	0.4	6 058.7	8 113.8

<sup>1)</sup> Various base years, GDP/GNI growth rate.

<sup>2)</sup> Figures include Overseas departments.

<sup>3)</sup> Countries still using SNA 1968.

<sup>4)</sup> OECD-Total includes 30 countries

Source: OECD Main Economic Indicators, March 2004

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### 2.3 GDP by major economic sectors<sup>1)</sup>, 1995 and 2001

% share of GDP at producer prices

Country	1995			2001		
	Agriculture	Industry	Services	Agriculture	Industry	Services
Austria	2.5	30.8	66.7	2.3	30.5	67.2
Belarus	16.8	35.2	48.0	11.7	36.1	52.3
Belgium <sup>2)</sup>	1.6	28.1	70.3	1.4	26.8	71.8
Bulgaria	13.4	32.4	54.3	13.7	28.5	57.9
Czech Republic	4.7	41.9	53.4	4.2	40.0	55.8
Denmark	3.6	24.9	71.5	2.7	25.3	72.0
Estonia	8.7	31.0	60.3	5.8	28.7	65.5
Finland	4.7	32.2	63.1	3.3	32.8	63.9
France	3.2	26.3	70.5	2.8	24.8	72.4
Germany	1.3	32.1	66.6	1.2	29.1	69.7
Greece	9.9	22.4	67.7	7.0	21.4	71.6
Hungary	6.8	30.9	62.3	4.3	31.3	64.4
Iceland <sup>3)</sup>	11.8	27.0	61.2	10.4	28.1	61.5
Ireland <sup>2)</sup>	7.7	38.2	54.1	3.6	41.4	55.0
Italy	3.2	30.1	66.7	2.7	27.7	69.5
Latvia	9.9	33.5	56.6	4.8	24.9	70.3
Lithuania	11.7	33.2	55.0	7.2	31.5	61.3
Luxembourg	1.0	21.2	77.8	0.6	17.9	81.5
Malta <sup>3)</sup>	2.9	33.7	63.4	2.8	25.5	71.7
Netherlands	3.5	27.8	68.6	2.7	26.0	71.4
Norway	3.0	34.1	62.9	1.8	39.3	58.8
Poland	6.9	7.3	33.3	3.8	31.4	64.8
Portugal	5.2	30.0	64.9	3.6	28.7	67.7
Romania <sup>2)</sup>	20.9	40.3	38.8	14.8	34.0	51.2
Russia <sup>2)</sup>	7.2	37.5	55.3	7.0	36.9	56.1
Slovakia	6.0	38.2	55.8	4.5	31.8	63.8
Slovenia	5.5	41.7	52.8	3.0	36.3	60.7
Spain	4.4	29.6	66.0	3.4	28.7	67.9
Sweden	2.7	30.1	67.2	1.9	28.1	70.1
Switzerland <sup>2,4)</sup>	1.6	27.0	71.5	1.2	25.6	73.2
Turkey <sup>2)</sup>	15.7	31.9	52.4	12.6	29.6	57.9
Ukraine <sup>2)</sup>	15.0	41.3	43.7	16.9	35.2	47.9
United Kingdom	1.8	30.9	67.3	0.9	26.5	72.6
Canada <sup>5)</sup>	2.9	30.7	66.4	2.6	30.1	67.3
United States <sup>2)</sup>	1.5	27.0	72.3	1.6	24.5	73.9

<sup>1)</sup> Shares in value added at current prices

"Agriculture" covers agriculture, forestry and fishing; "Industry" comprises the production industries (including electricity, gas, and water), mining and quarrying and construction; "Services" comprise market services and non-market services.

<sup>2)</sup> Data for 2000 instead of 2001

<sup>3)</sup> Data for 1999 instead of 2001

<sup>4)</sup> Data for 1997 instead of 1995

<sup>5)</sup> Data for 1998 instead of 2001

Source: UNECE Statistical division

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### 2.4 Annual exchange rates, national currency / Euro

Country	National currency	Exchange rate, national currency / Euro				
		1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Australia	Australian Dollar	1.65	1.59	1.73	1.74	1.74
Bulgaria	Bulgarian Lev	.	.	1.95	1.95	1.95
Canada	Canadian Dollar	1.58	1.37	1.39	1.48	1.58
Cyprus	Cypriot Pound	0.58	0.57	0.58	0.58	0.58
Czech Republic	Czech Koruna	36.88	35.60	34.07	30.80	31.85
Denmark	Danish Krone	7.44	7.45	7.45	7.43	7.43
Estonia	Estonian Kroon	15.65	15.65	15.65	15.65	15.65
Hong Kong	Hong Kong Dollar	8.27	7.20	6.99	7.38	8.81
Hungary	Hungarian Forint	252.77	260.04	256.59	242.96	253.62
Iceland	Iceland Krona	77.18	72.58	87.42	86.18	86.65
Japan	Japanese Yen	121.32	99.47	108.68	118.06	130.97
Korea	Korean Won	1 267.26	1 043.50	1 154.83	1 175.50	1 346.90
Latvia	Latvian Lats	0.63	0.56	0.56	0.58	0.64
Lithuania	Lithuanian Litas	4.26	3.70	3.58	3.46	3.45
Malta	Maltese Lira	0.43	0.40	0.40	0.41	0.43
New Zealand	New Zealand Dollar	2.01	2.03	2.13	2.04	1.94
Norway	Norwegian Krone	8.31	8.11	8.05	7.51	8.00
Poland	Polish Zloty (new)	4.23	4.01	3.67	3.86	4.40
Romania	Romanian Leu	16 345.00	19 922.00	26 004.00	31 270.00	37 551.00
Singapore	Singapore Dollar	1.81	1.59	1.60	1.69	1.97
Slovakia	Slovak Koruna	44.12	42.60	43.30	42.69	41.49
Slovenia	Slovenian Tolar	194.47	206.61	217.98	225.98	233.85
South Africa	South African Rand	6.52	6.39	7.69	9.91	8.53
Sweden	Swedish Krona	8.81	8.45	9.26	9.16	9.12
Switzerland	Swiss Franc	1.60	1.56	1.51	1.47	1.52
Turkey	Turkish Lira	447 238.00	574 816.00	1 102 425.00	1 439 680.00	1 694 851.00
United Kingdom	UK Pound Sterling	0.66	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.69
United States	US Dollar	1.07	0.92	0.90	0.95	1.13

Source: European Central Bank

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### 2.5 Purchasing power parities - national currency per US dollar

Country	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003
Austria	0.99	0.92	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.94	0.94
Belgium	0.92	0.91	0.92	0.93	0.91	0.91	0.92
Czech Republic	.	5.45	11.13	14.14	14.32	14.77	14.85
Denmark	7.28	8.78	8.59	8.51	8.47	8.66	8.67
Finland	0.75	0.98	0.98	0.99	0.99	1.02	1.00
France	0.83	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.91	0.91	0.91
Germany	1.13	0.99	1.03	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.98
Greece	0.09	0.34	0.58	0.69	0.70	0.70	0.71
Hungary	.	.	60.25	108.60	111.76	118.63	124.25
Iceland	6.29	71.18	75.17	84.30	90.05	95.39	95.48
Ireland	0.62	0.80	0.82	0.97	1.00	1.01	1.01
Italy	0.38	0.69	0.78	0.82	0.83	0.85	0.86
Luxembourg	0.97	0.96	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.02
Netherlands	1.14	0.92	0.90	0.94	0.93	0.95	0.96
Norway	8.13	9.57	9.01	9.13	9.25	9.44	9.48
Poland	.	0.26	1.13	1.84	1.88	1.88	1.86
Portugal	0.15	0.48	0.61	0.66	0.67	0.68	0.68
Slovakia	.	.	13.25	16.23	16.51	16.63	17.22
Spain	0.38	0.62	0.71	0.75	0.76	0.77	0.78
Sweden	6.48	8.90	9.42	9.31	9.47	9.65	9.69
Switzerland	2.09	1.98	2.01	1.94	1.94	1.91	1.88
Turkey	51.89	1 545.17	22 978.95	274 412.43	430 135.63	618 281.25	757 376.00
United Kingdom	0.49	0.60	0.62	0.64	0.63	0.63	0.64
Australia	1.01	1.39	1.32	1.32	1.34	1.36	1.37
Canada	1.17	1.27	1.22	1.21	1.20	1.19	1.22
Japan	239.12	191.20	176.70	155.66	149.67	145.56	140.00
Korea	413.53	562.38	730.77	731.19	731.99	735.69	733.00
Mexico	0.02	1.45	2.94	6.19	6.43	6.65	6.88
New Zealand	0.90	1.53	1.47	1.44	1.47	1.46	1.45
United States	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

Source: OECD Statistical Databases





### 2.6 Industrial production indices (1995=100)

Country	2000	2001	2002	2003
Australia <sup>1)</sup>	112.5	116.6	119.3	121.4
Austria <sup>2)</sup>	134.1	137.1	138.1	143.1
Belgium	115.5	115.0	116.7	117.8
Bulgaria	78.2	79.9	83.6	96.2
Canada <sup>2)</sup>	125.6	122.1	124.6	124.8
Croatia	114.5	121.4	128.1	133.2
Cyprus	105.4	105.1	105.2	112.6
Czech Republic	105.7	117.6	123.2	130.4
Denmark	115.5	117.2	119.1	118.2
Estonia	135.9	148.0	160.1	175.8
Finland	144.5	144.7	147.1	148.1
France	114.5	115.8	114.3	113.9
Germany <sup>2)</sup>	114.5	114.8	113.5	114.0
Greece	122.5	123.8	125.9	127.6
Hungary	168.4	175.0	180.7	191.5
Ireland	201.5	222.2	239.5	.
Italy	107.7	106.8	105.3	104.5
Japan	105.5	98.7	97.6	100.6
Latvia	104.9	112.1	118.6	126.4
Lithuania	110.1	127.6	131.6	152.8
Luxembourg	122.1	126.1	126.3	132.2
Netherlands <sup>2)</sup>	110.0	110.6	109.5	107.3
New Zealand <sup>3)</sup>	104.2	106.7	107.2	113.3
Norway <sup>2)</sup>	110.7	109.2	110.3	105.8
Poland	143.5	144.1	146.1	158.9
Portugal	118.1	121.8	121.3	121.2
Romania <sup>2)</sup>	83.2	90.4	94.3	97.5
Slovakia <sup>2)</sup>	115.4	123.9	132.3	139.5
Slovenia	111.9	115.1	117.9	119.5
Spain	119.3	117.9	118.0	119.9
Sweden	117.8	116.3	115.4	117.0
Switzerland <sup>2)</sup>	121.7	120.8	114.6	114.9
Turkey	118.4	107.9	117.8	127.8
United Kingdom <sup>2)</sup>	107.1	105.4	102.5	102.0
United States <sup>2)</sup>	129.2	124.9	124.2	124.4

<sup>1)</sup> Annual figures: average of 12 months ending 30 June of the year stated

<sup>2)</sup> Monthly indices are adjusted for differences in the number of working days

<sup>3)</sup> Annual figures: average of four quarters ending 31 March of the year stated

Source: United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics, March 2004

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### 2.7 Harmonised annual average consumer price indices HICP, (1996 = 100)

Country or area	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003
Austria	98.3	104.5	106.9	108.8	110.2
Belgium	98.3	106.4	109.0	110.7	112.3
Bulgaria	.	742.8	797.5	843.8	863.7
Cyprus	.	112.1	114.3	117.5	122.2
Czech Republic	91.7	125.4	131.1	133.0	132.9
Denmark	98.0	108.3	110.7	113.4	115.6
Estonia	83.5	127.4	134.6	139.4	141.4
Finland	98.9	107.0	109.8	112.0	113.5
France	98.0	104.4	106.3	108.3	110.7
Germany	98.8	104.2	106.2	107.6	108.8
Greece	92.7	115.8	120.1	124.8	129.0
Hungary	81.0	163.6	178.5	187.8	196.6
Iceland	97.9	110.0	117.3	123.5	125.2
Ireland	97.9	111.5	116.0	121.5	126.3
Italy	96.2	108.4	110.9	113.8	117.0
Latvia	.	118.2	121.1	123.5	127.1
Lithuania	80.2	116.1	117.6	118.1	116.9
Luxembourg	98.8	107.3	109.9	112.1	115.0
Netherlands	98.6	108.2	113.8	118.2	120.8
Norway	99.3	110.0	113.0	113.9	116.2
Poland	.	151.7	159.7	162.8	164.0
Portugal	97.2	109.4	114.2	118.4	122.3
Romania	72.0	861.3	1 158.1	1 418.9	1 635.5
Slovakia	94.5	140.1	150.2	155.5	168.6
Slovenia	91.0	135.2	146.8	157.7	166.7
Spain	96.6	109.7	112.8	116.8	120.5
Sweden	99.2	104.8	107.6	109.7	112.3
United Kingdom	97.6	105.6	106.9	108.3	109.8
EEA	97.7	106.3	108.6	110.9	113.0
EU 15	97.7	106.2	108.6	110.8	113.0
Euro-zone	97.9	106.0	108.5	110.9	113.2

Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) are designed for international comparisons of consumer price inflation. HICP is used by e.g. the European Central Bank for monitoring of inflation in the Economic and Monetary Union and for the assessment of inflation convergence as required under Article 121 of the Treaty of Amsterdam.

Source: Eurostat



### 2.8 Producer price indices (1995=100), period averages

Country	1996	1998	2000	2001	2002
Austria <sup>1)</sup>	100.0	99.8	103.0	104.5	104.2
Belgium <sup>2)</sup>	102.0	103.7	114.7	117.1	116.0
Bulgaria	232.7	2 916.0	3 523.2	3 652.7	3 699.7
Canada <sup>9)</sup>	100.4	101.2	108.1	109.2	109.3
Cyprus <sup>1)</sup>	102.1	105.5	114.5	116.3	117.9
Czech Republic	104.8	115.3	122.2	125.6	125.0
Denmark <sup>2)</sup>	101.1	102.4	109.1	111.2	111.4
Estonia	114.8	129.7	134.3	140.2	140.8
Finland <sup>3)</sup>	100.1	97.3	106.2	100.5	99.1
France <sup>4)</sup>	.	.	100.0	101.2	101.0
Germany	98.8	99.5	101.8	104.9	104.5
Greece <sup>4)</sup>	106.5	114.5	124.1	126.9	227.4
Hungary	121.8	163.2	191.6	200.8	196.1
Ireland <sup>1)</sup>	100.5	101.5	<sup>5)</sup> 108.9	112.1	112.3
Italy	101.9	103.3	109.3	111.4	111.2
Japan <sup>1)</sup>	98.4	97.5	96.1	93.9	92.0
Latvia	113.7	120.6	<sup>5)</sup> 116.5	118.4	119.6
Lithuania	117.3	113.2	134.9	129.9	125.2
Luxembourg	96.9	100.7	102.3	103.4	102.3
Netherlands	102.0	103.6	109.8	112.9	114.1
Norway	102.2	104.2	<sup>5)</sup> 114.8	109.5	103.4
Poland	113.2	136.2	154.8	157.4	159.2
Portugal <sup>4)</sup>	.	.	100.0	102.8	103.2
Romania	149.9	<sup>5)</sup> 512.8	1 137.0	1 603.3	1 998.5
Russia <sup>7)</sup>	50.8	7.0	46.5	19.2	11.6
Slovakia	104.1	112.3	128.0	<sup>5)</sup> 136.5	139.3
Slovenia	106.8	120.1	132.1	143.9	151.2
Spain	101.7	102.0	108.3	110.2	110.9
Sweden <sup>6)</sup>	98.3	98.8	105.8	109.2	109.8
Turkey <sup>1)</sup>	175.9	549.6	1 273.9	2 059.0	3 090.8
United Kingdom <sup>8)</sup>	102.6	104.1	108.0	108.2	99.8
United States	102.3	99.7	106.4	107.6	105.1

<sup>1)</sup> Wholesale prices

<sup>2)</sup> Home and import goods

<sup>3)</sup> Producer, manufacturing

<sup>4)</sup> 2000 = 100

<sup>5)</sup> Break in the comparability of data

<sup>6)</sup> Domestic supply

<sup>7)</sup> Percent change over previous period

<sup>8)</sup> Manufacturing output

<sup>9)</sup> Industry selling

Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF February 2004



### 2.9 Exports and imports of goods and services, 2001 , as % of GDP

Country	Exports	Imports
Luxembourg <sup>1)</sup>	155.86	134.85
Ireland	95.39	80.49
Estonia	90.62	94.39
Malta	87.77	92.28
Belgium	84.42	81.09
Slovakia	74.02	82.48
Czech Republic	71.05	73.79
Netherlands	65.06	59.73
Hungary	60.47	62.61
Slovenia <sup>1)</sup>	59.13	62.68
Bulgaria	55.69	63.18
Austria	52.21	52.58
Lithuania	50.41	55.85
Norway <sup>1)</sup>	46.61	30.45
Sweden	46.45	40.56
Denmark	45.59	39.18
Latvia	45.51	54.19
Switzerland	45.47	41.13
Canada	43.81	38.64
Finland	40.38	31.58
Russia	36.81	24.15
Germany	34.97	33.07
Romania	33.52	41.62
Portugal	31.63	41.24
Spain	29.92	31.40
Poland	29.12	33.01
Italy	28.27	26.67
France	27.91	26.35
United Kingdom	27.12	29.28
China	25.83	23.41
Greece <sup>1)</sup>	24.98	32.93
United States <sup>1)</sup>	11.24	14.95
Japan	10.44	9.81

Definition: Exports / imports of goods and services represent the value of all goods and other market services provided to / received from the rest of the world. They include the value of merchandise, freight, insurance, transport, travel, royalties, licence fees, and other services, such as communication, construction, financial, information, business, personal, and government services. They exclude labour and property income (formerly called factor services) as well as transfer payments.

<sup>1)</sup> 2000 data

Source: <http://www.nationmaster.com/>



### 2.10 Selected general government finance

Country	General government	
	Net lending as % of GDP 2002	Total tax receipts as % of GDP 2001
Australia	-5.3	30.1
Austria	0.2	45.4
Belgium	4.4	45.8
Canada	2.5	35.1
Czech Republic	<sup>1)</sup> -5.3	38.4
Denmark	2.1	49.8
Finland	7.2	46.1
France	1.5	45.0
Germany	3.1	36.8
Greece	-3.3	36.9
Hungary	.	39.0
Iceland	-0.1	36.5
Ireland	-0.3	29.9
Italy	-0.3	42.0
Japan	2.8	27.3
Korea	2.8	27.2
Luxembourg	.	40.7
Mexico	<sup>2)</sup> -2.9	18.9
Netherlands	1.9	39.5
New Zealand	<sup>2)</sup> -1.0	33.8
Norway	12.9	43.3
Poland	-2.6	33.6
Portugal	-5.6	33.5
Slovakia	<sup>2)</sup> -7.4	32.3
Spain	-1.6	35.2
Sweden	5.1	51.4
Switzerland	<sup>2)</sup> 9.3	30.6
Turkey	.	36.5
United Kingdom	-1.6	37.3
United States	-3.6	39.7

<sup>1)</sup> 2000

<sup>2)</sup> 2001

Source: OECD Main Economic Indicators, May 2004



### 2.11 Foreign direct investment flows<sup>1)</sup>, 2001

Country	Foreign direct investment (FDI) flows, 2001	
	Inward as % of GDP	Outward as % of GDP
Australia	1.1	1.2
Austria	2.6	1.3
Belgium <sup>2)</sup>	25.6	28.6
Canada	3.0	3.9
Czech Republic	3.2	0.1
Denmark	4.5	5.7
Finland	2.5	6.1
France	3.3	5.1
Germany	1.5	2.1
Greece	0.9	0.3
Hungary	1.8	0.3
Iceland	2.0	4.2
Ireland	13.7	5.1
Italy	1.0	1.5
Japan	0.5	1.0
Korea	0.4	0.3
Mexico	2.6	.
Netherlands	11.1	8.6
New Zealand	3.9	0.9
Norway	1.7	1.1
Poland	1.4	0.0
Portugal	3.3	4.3
Slovakia	2.4	0.1
Spain	2.5	3.2
Sweden	5.3	<sup>3)</sup> 17.2
Switzerland	3.7	5.1
Turkey	0.8	0.1
United Kingdom	3.4	2.5
United States	1.2	1.1

<sup>1)</sup> Based on official national statistics from the balance of payments

<sup>2)</sup> Data refer to the Belgo-Luxembourg Economic Union

<sup>3)</sup> 2000

Source: OECD Main Economic Indicators - February 2004

## 2. ECONOMY AND TRADE



### 2.12 Labour productivity per person employed (EU-15 = 100) <sup>1)</sup>

Country or area	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003 <sup>2)</sup>
Austria	97.3	100.3	98.6	<sup>2)</sup> 98.2	98.1
Belgium	120.4	118.2	118.5	118.8	119.8
Bulgaria	.	29.8	31.0	<sup>2)</sup> 31.1	31.7
Canada	107.7	111.4	<sup>2)</sup> 110.5	<sup>2)</sup> 110.0	110.9
Cyprus	59.5	77.7	<sup>2)</sup> 79.9	<sup>2)</sup> 77.8	78.9
Czech Republic	.	52.8	52.9	<sup>2)</sup> 53.5	61.1
Denmark	93.7	98.2	98.9	<sup>2)</sup> 97.0	98.2
Estonia	31.2	42.2	43.5	<sup>2)</sup> 45.1	48.0
EU15	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Euro-zone	103.4	102.3	101.4	101.0	100.8
Finland	99.7	103.7	103.3	<sup>2)</sup> 100.3	100.1
France	114.4	114.7	115.4	<sup>2)</sup> 115.4	115.0
Germany	98.9	95.9	95.0	<sup>2)</sup> 94.9	95.3
Greece	78.2	81.8	84.4	<sup>2)</sup> 89.0	91.1
Hungary	53.7	57.6	61.0	<sup>2)</sup> 62.6	62.7
Iceland	102.4	<sup>2)</sup> 102.5	<sup>2)</sup> 102.8	<sup>2)</sup> 100.0	100.1
Ireland	105.6	114.5	116.3	<sup>2)</sup> 124.0	119.1
Italy	114.0	112.2	109.8	<sup>2)</sup> 106.3	104.9
Japan	88.8	89.7	90.0	89.9	91.2
Latvia	31.3	37.8	39.1	<sup>2)</sup> 40.7	38.7
Lithuania	29.6	35.0	38.8	<sup>2)</sup> 43.7	46.9
Luxembourg	129.7	147.4	138.3	<sup>2)</sup> 132.3	131.5
Malta	.	84.1	81.4	<sup>2)</sup> 82.2	83.6
Netherlands	98.7	96.2	98.2	<sup>2)</sup> 96.3	95.6
Norway	103.7	127.0	126.1	<sup>2)</sup> 119.4	119.7
Poland	42.4	47.6	47.9	48.8	50.3
Portugal	57.6	<sup>2)</sup> 64.6	<sup>2)</sup> 64.8	<sup>2)</sup> 65.2	64.2
Romania	.	26.6	28.6	<sup>2)</sup> 30.9	32.5
Slovakia	42.9	51.7	53.0	<sup>2)</sup> 56.3	56.3
Slovenia	59.0	65.9	67.5	<sup>2)</sup> 69.2	70.7
Spain	95.9	93.8	94.1	<sup>2)</sup> 95.4	95.6
Sweden	96.5	100.6	97.2	<sup>2)</sup> 96.0	96.4
Turkey	33.4	<sup>2)</sup> 37.6	<sup>2)</sup> 33.6	<sup>2)</sup> 35.7	38.1
United Kingdom	89.3	92.3	94.1	<sup>2)</sup> 96.3	97.0
United States	115.2	119.6	119.5	121.7	123.0

<sup>1)</sup> GDP in Purchasing Power Standards (PPS) per person employed relative to EU15 (EU15=100).

<sup>2)</sup> Forecast

Source: Eurostat



### Crude oil - World production and trade

#### 2.13 World top crude oil producers, 2002

Country	Mt	% of World Total
Saudi Arabia	409	11.5
Russia	378	10.7
United States	350	9.9
Mexico	178	5.0
Iran	176	5.0
China	169	4.8
Norway	156	4.4
Venezuela	153	4.3
Canada	133	3.7
United Kingdom	115	3.2
Rest of the World	1 331	37.5
<b>World Total</b>	<b>3 548</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003

#### 2.14 Top crude oil exporters, 2001

Country	Mt
Saudi Arabia	303
Russia	162
Norway	151
Iran	119
Venezuela	109
Nigeria	105
Mexico	93
Iraq	90
United Kingdom	87
United Arab Emirates	79
Rest of the World	663
<b>World Total</b>	<b>1 961</b>

#### 2.15 Top crude oil importers, 2001

Country	Mt
United States	526
Japan	209
Korea	119
Germany	105
Italy	91
France	86
India	79
Netherlands	61
China	60
Spain	58
Rest of the World	663
<b>World Total</b>	<b>2 057</b>

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003





### Natural Gas <sup>1)</sup> - World production and trade, 2002

#### 2.16 World top natural gas producers, 2002

Country	Mm <sup>3</sup>	% of World Total
Russia	595 000	22.7
United States	539 349	20.6
Canada	182 075	7.0
United Kingdom	108 204	4.1
Algeria	82 554	3.2
Netherlands	75 315	2.9
Indonesia	70 816	2.7
Norway	67 627	2.6
Iran	66 320	2.5
Saudi Arabia	60 570	2.3
Rest of the World	770 023	29.4
World	2 617 853	100.0

<sup>1)</sup> Exports and imports include pipeline gas and LNG.

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003

#### 2.17 Top natural gas exporters, 2002

Country	Mm <sup>3</sup>
Russia	190 000
Canada	106 232
Algeria	59 980
Norway	56 260
Netherlands	52 529
Turkmenistan	39 391
Indonesia	35 147
Malaysia	18 574
Qatar	18 574
United States	14 618
Rest of the World	104 297
World <sup>1)</sup>	695 457

#### 2.18 Top natural gas importers, 2002

Country	Mm <sup>3</sup>
United States	113 480
Germany	81 341
Japan	72 637
Italy	59 291
Ukraine	55 519
France	45 271
Netherlands	26 771
Korea	23 280
Spain	20 725
Turkey	17 113
Rest of the World	188 338
World <sup>1)</sup>	703 766

<sup>1)</sup> World trade includes intra trade of Former USSR.

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003



### Hard coal - World production and trade, 2002

#### 2.19 World top hard coal producers, 2002

Country	Mt
China	1 326
United States	917
India	334
Australia	276
South Africa	223
Russia	164
Poland	103
Indonesia	101
Ukraine	83
Kazakhstan	71
Rest of the World	239
<b>World</b>	<b>3 837</b>

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003

#### 2.20 Top hard coal exporters, 2002

Country	Mt
Australia	198
China	86
Indonesia	73
South Africa	69
Russia	45
United States	35
Colombia	34
Canada	27
Poland	23
Kazakhstan	14
Rest of the World	36
<b>World</b>	<b>640</b>

#### 2.21 Top hard coal importers, 2002

Country	Mt
Japan	159
Korea	70
Chinese Taipei	52
Germany	31
United Kingdom	29
India	25
Spain	25
Netherlands	22
Russia	21
Canada	19
Rest of the World	206
<b>World</b>	<b>659</b>

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003



### Electricity - world production and trade, 2001

#### 2.22 World top electricity producers <sup>1)</sup>, 2001

Country	TWh	% of World total
United States	3 864	25.0
China	1 472	9.5
Japan	1 033	6.7
Russia	889	5.7
Canada	588	3.8
Germany	580	3.7
India	577	3.7
France	546	3.5
United Kingdom	383	2.5
Brazil	328	2.1
Rest of the World	5 216	33.8
World	15 476	100.0

<sup>1)</sup> Gross production less production from pumped storage plants.

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003

#### 2.23 Top electricity exporters <sup>1)</sup>, 2001

Country	TWh
France	73
Germany	42
Canada	39
Paraguay	39
Switzerland	35
Russia	26
Czech Republic	19
Sweden	18
United States	18
Austria	14
Rest of the World	164
World	487

#### 2.24 Top electricity importers <sup>1)</sup>, 2001

Country	TWh
Italy	49
Germany	46
United States	38
Brazil	38
Switzerland	24
Netherlands	21
Canada	16
Belgium	16
Austria	14
Finland	12
Rest of the World	221
World	495

<sup>1)</sup> Total exports and total imports (including transit).

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003



### 2.25 Selected energy indicators, 2001

Country or area	Energy production (Mtoe)	Electricity consumption <sup>1)</sup> (TWh)	Electricity consumption per capita (kWh)
World	10 209.14	14 196.98	2 326
OECD	3 884.83	8 970.06	7 879
Australia	250.44	201.23	10 335
Austria	9.72	60.97	7 498
Belgium	13.08	85.04	8 272
Bulgaria	10.33	30.91	3 854
Canada	379.21	520.50	16 746
China	1 138.62	1 360.00	1 069
Cyprus	0.04	3.32	4 360
Czech Republic	30.49	60.20	5 867
Denmark	27.17	35.15	6 561
Estonia	2.99	6.50	4 766
Finland	15.16	81.38	15 687
France	133.19	450.83	7 402
Germany	133.74	560.42	6 806
Greece	9.97	51.25	4 679
Hungary	10.82	34.91	3 427
Iceland	2.45	7.68	26 947
Ireland	1.73	22.80	5 917
Italy	26.26	308.03	5 318
Japan	104.09	1 005.86	7 907
Latvia	1.72	5.17	2 193
Lithuania	4.15	9.36	2 687
Luxembourg	0.06	6.72	15 158
Malta	0.00	1.69	4 271
Netherlands	60.44	106.83	6 659
New Zealand	14.93	35.67	9 264
Norway	226.57	119.57	26 494
Poland	80.73	124.69	3 227
Portugal	3.40	42.69	4 243
Romania	28.22	45.74	2 041
Russia	996.16	769.93	5 319
Slovakia	6.82	27.04	5 027
Slovenia	3.16	11.97	6 007
Spain	33.02	220.72	5 482
Sweden	34.38	142.45	16 013
Switzerland	12.37	58.05	8 028
Turkey	26.15	103.55	1 509
United Kingdom	262.19	364.01	6 192
United States	1 711.81	3 686.97	12 896

<sup>1)</sup> Gross production + imports - exports - transmission/distribution losses.

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003

### 3. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT



#### 3.1 R&D expenditure, % of GDP

Country or area	R&D expenditure		
	As % of GDP		Total in million euro
	2000	2001	2001
Austria	1.84	1.90	4 031
Belgium	2.04	2.14	5 507
Denmark	2.26	2.40	4 265
Finland	3.40	3.40	4 619
France	2.18	2.23	32 919
Germany	2.49	2.49	51 539
Greece	0.67	.	<sup>1)</sup> 795
Ireland	1.15	1.17	1 339
Italy	1.07	.	<sup>2)</sup> 12 460
Luxembourg	1.71	.	<sup>2)</sup> 364
Netherlands	1.94	.	<sup>2)</sup> 7 813
Portugal	.	0.84	1 038
Spain	0.94	0.96	6 227
Sweden	.	4.27	10 459
United Kingdom	1.85	1.89	30 255
<b>EU15</b>	<b>1.95</b>	<b>1.98</b>	<b>175 507</b>
Cyprus	0.25	0.26	27
<b>Czech Republic</b>	<b>1.24</b>	<b>1.33</b>	<b>832</b>
Estonia	0.75	0.66	49
Hungary	0.69	0.80	548
Latvia	0.40	0.48	38
Lithuania	0.52	0.60	91
Poland	0.75	0.70	1 323
Slovakia	0.66	0.67	149
Slovenia	1.51	1.52	341
<b>ACC</b>	<b>0.83</b>	<b>0.84</b>	<b>3 399</b>
Japan	2.98	.	<sup>2)</sup> 153 852
United States	2.72	2.82	315 189

EU15 estimated by Eurostat. ACC does not include Malta.

<sup>1)</sup> 1999 data

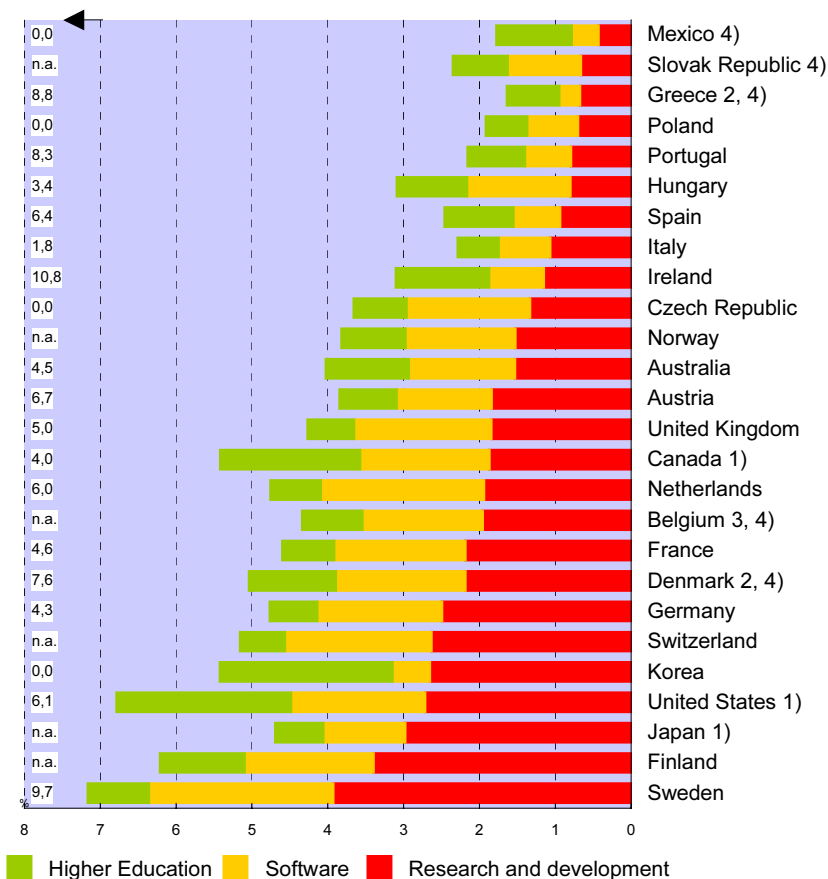
<sup>2)</sup> 2000 data

Source: EUROSTAT News Release, 25/2004

### 3. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT



#### 3.2 Investment in knowledge, as a % of GDP, 2000



- 1) Post-secondary non-tertiary education is included in data for higher education.
- 2) Average annual growth rate refers to 1992-99.
- 3) Data for higher education only include direct public expenditure.
- 4) 1999

Source: OECD, National Accounts, Economic Outlook, MSTI and Education databases; International Data Corporation, June 2003.

### 3. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT



#### 3.3 Telecommunication indicators, 2003

Country	Total telephone subscribers	Main telephone lines	Cellular mobile subscribers	PC's <sup>1)</sup>	Internet users
	per 100 population				per 10 000 popul.
Australia	126.18	54.23	71.95	56.51	<sup>1)</sup> 4 817.41
Austria	135.95	48.07	87.88	36.93	4 620.34
Belgium	<sup>1)</sup> 128.00	<sup>1)</sup> 49.44	<sup>1)</sup> 78.56	24.14	<sup>1)</sup> 3 283.17
Bulgaria	<sup>1)</sup> 70.07	<sup>1)</sup> 36.77	<sup>1)</sup> 33.30	5.19	<sup>1)</sup> 807.59
Canada	104.58	62.90	41.68	48.70	<sup>1)</sup> 5 128.29
Cyprus	<sup>1)</sup> 127.24	<sup>1)</sup> 68.80	<sup>1)</sup> 58.44	26.99	<sup>1)</sup> 2 936.65
Czech Republic	132.49	36.03	96.46	17.74	2 682.67
Denmark	155.66	66.93	88.72	57.68	<sup>1)</sup> 5 128.15
Estonia	<sup>1)</sup> 100.07	<sup>1)</sup> 35.06	<sup>1)</sup> 65.02	21.03	<sup>1)</sup> 3 276.75
Finland	138.88	48.82	90.06	44.17	<sup>1)</sup> 5 089.30
France	126.19	56.60	69.59	34.71	3 656.08
Germany	144.41	65.87	78.54	43.13	4 726.70
Greece	123.43	45.43	78.00	8.17	1 499.93
Hong Kong, China	161.26	55.51	105.75	42.20	4 691.66
Hungary	<sup>1)</sup> 103.72	<sup>1)</sup> 36.12	<sup>1)</sup> 67.60	10.84	<sup>1)</sup> 1 576.04
China	42.32	20.92	21.40	2.76	632.48
Iceland	162.56	65.99	96.56	45.14	6 747.40
India	7.10	4.63	2.47	0.72	174.86
Indonesia	<sup>1)</sup> 9.17	<sup>1)</sup> 3.65	<sup>1)</sup> 5.52	1.19	<sup>1)</sup> 377.16
Ireland	133.03	48.57	84.47	42.08	3 130.20
Israel	<sup>1)</sup> 140.76	<sup>1)</sup> 45.30	<sup>1)</sup> 95.45	24.26	<sup>1)</sup> 3 014.05
Italy	150.16	48.40	101.76	23.07	3 366.60
Japan	119.49	<sup>1)</sup> 55.83	67.96	38.22	<sup>1)</sup> 4 488.56
Korea	116.61	47.24	69.37	55.58	6 034.20
Latvia	81.20	28.34	52.86	17.17	4 056.87
Lithuania	91.93	25.31	66.62	10.97	2 136.01
Luxembourg	<sup>1)</sup> 185.74	<sup>1)</sup> 79.68	<sup>1)</sup> 106.05	59.42	<sup>1)</sup> 3 699.55
Malta	124.57	52.07	72.50	25.51	<sup>1)</sup> 3 030.30
Netherlands	138.19	61.43	76.76	46.66	5 219.46
Norway	<sup>1)</sup> 157.80	<sup>1)</sup> 73.44	<sup>1)</sup> 84.36	52.83	<sup>1)</sup> 5 026.08
Poland	76.96	31.87	45.09	10.56	2 324.50
Portugal	131.78	41.40	90.38	13.49	<sup>1)</sup> 1 935.07
Romania	53.35	20.48	32.87	8.30	1 905.27
Russia	<sup>1)</sup> 36.23	<sup>1)</sup> 24.22	<sup>1)</sup> 12.01	8.87	<sup>1)</sup> 409.32
Slovakia	92.49	24.08	68.42	18.04	2 558.69
Slovenia	127.77	40.68	87.09	30.06	<sup>1)</sup> 3 757.52
Spain	134.53	42.91	91.61	19.60	2 391.08
Sweden	<sup>1)</sup> 162.45	<sup>1)</sup> 73.57	<sup>1)</sup> 88.89	62.13	<sup>1)</sup> 5 730.74
Switzerland	<sup>1)</sup> 153.35	<sup>1)</sup> 74.42	84.34	70.87	<sup>1)</sup> 3 510.38
Turkey	68.54	27.70	40.84	4.46	805.46
Ukraine	<sup>1)</sup> 29.98	<sup>1)</sup> 21.61	<sup>1)</sup> 8.38	1.90	<sup>1)</sup> 179.51
United Kingdom	<sup>1)</sup> 143.13	<sup>1)</sup> 59.06	<sup>1)</sup> 84.07	40.57	<sup>1)</sup> 4 230.98
United States	116.43	62.13	54.30	65.89	<sup>1)</sup> 5 513.77

<sup>1)</sup> 2002 data

Source: International Telecommunication Union – World Telecommunication Indicators, June 2004

### 3. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT



#### 3.4 Trade in high tech products, 2001

Country or area	High tech exports		High tech imports		High tech trade balance
	Bn euro	% of total exports	Bn euro	% of total imports	Bn euro
Austria	11.6	14.6	12.6	15.1	-1.0
Belgium	19.1	9.0	21.6	10.8	-2.5
Denmark	8.1	14.0	7.8	15.4	0.3
Finland	10.2	21.1	6.6	18.2	3.6
France	92.4	25.6	86.6	23.6	5.8
Germany	100.7	15.8	98.8	18.2	1.9
Greece	0.6	5.5	3.2	10.1	-2.5
Ireland	37.7	40.8	22.2	39.3	15.5
Italy	23.2	8.6	32.2	12.4	-9.0
Luxembourg	3.0	27.9	3.6	25.8	-0.5
Netherlands	57.4	22.3	52.8	22.7	4.7
Portugal	1.9	6.8	5.0	11.4	-3.2
Spain	7.9	6.1	18.2	10.6	-10.3
Sweden	12.0	14.2	11.5	16.3	0.5
United Kingdom	80.4	26.4	72.5	19.5	7.9
<b>EU15</b>	<b>195.5</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>218.6</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>-23.1</b>
Czech Republic	3.4	9.2	6.1	15.0	-2.7
Cyprus	0.0	1.5	0.5	10.9	-0.5
Estonia	0.7	14.6	0.6	11.0	0.1
Hungary	7.0	20.7	7.7	20.5	-0.7
Latvia	0.1	2.2	0.3	8.5	-0.2
Lithuania	0.1	2.9	0.6	7.8	-0.5
Malta	1.2	59.4	1.1	34.7	0.1
Poland	1.0	2.6	6.5	11.6	-5.5
Slovakia	0.5	3.7	1.5	9.1	-1.0
Slovenia	0.5	4.8	0.9	8.2	-0.4
Japan	111.2	24.7	72.0	18.5	39.2
United States	233.8	28.6	243.3	18.5	-9.5

Source: EUROSTAT News Release, 25/2004





#### 3.5 Level of Internet access – households and enterprises

Country or area	Level of Internet access					
	Households <sup>1)</sup>			Enterprises <sup>2)</sup>		
	2001	2002	2003	2001	2002	2003
Austria	46.2	30.9	36.2	76.5	84.9	90.3
Belgium	34.7	40.9	.	79.0	.	92.0
Denmark	58.9	55.6	64.2	86.6	94.8	97.6
Finland	48.1	44.3	47.4	90.8	96.0	97.8
France	26.2	35.5	.	58.0	.	.
Germany	37.9	43.3	51.2	82.8	83.9	.
Greece	11.7	12.2	16.3	50.6	64.4	.
Ireland	46.2	47.9	35.6	77.0	82.8	86.2
Italy	32.9	27.3	30.9	66.0	74.3	83.0
Luxembourg	43.6	39.9	45.4	54.6	78.2	.
Netherlands	58.5	65.5	.	79.0	85.5	86.1
Portugal	23.4	15.9	21.7	71.8	68.7	.
Spain	23.4	29.5	25.2	67.0	82.5	83.8
Sweden	64.3	64.2	.	89.9	95.2	95.2
United Kingdom	46.5	49.7	55.1	63.4	74.0	80.6
<b>EU 15</b>	<b>36.1</b>	<b>38.9</b>	<b>45.1</b>	<b>70.3</b>	<b>79.7</b>	<b>84.2</b>
Iceland	68.4	.	.	.	.	75.0
Norway	62.2	.	55.3	73.2	82.4	87.7
<b>Czech Republic</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>16.4</b>	.	.	.	.
Estonia	9.8	.	.	.	.	.
Latvia	2.3	3.3	.	45.6	50.9	60.0
Lithuania	3.2	4.1	6.2	58.6	65.5	68.5
Poland	7.7	10.7	.	74.2	.	.

<sup>1)</sup> Percentage of households that have Internet access at home. All forms of Internet use are included. The population considered is equal or over 15 years.

<sup>2)</sup> Percentage of enterprises who that have Internet access; only enterprises with more than 9 persons employed are included. NACE sections D, G-K are covered. The data are provided by National Statistical Institutes in the framework of the Eurostat survey on ICT usage of in enterprises.

Source: Eurostat

### 3. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT



#### 3.6 Science and technology graduates

Country or area	Tertiary graduates in science and technology per 1000 population aged 20-29								
	Total			Males			Females		
	2000	2001	2002	2000	2001	2002	2000	2001	2002
Austria	<sup>1)</sup> 7.2	7.3	<sup>1)</sup> 5.3	<sup>1)</sup> 11.6	11.5	<sup>1)</sup> 8.0	<sup>1)</sup> 2.9	3.1	<sup>1)</sup> 2.6
Belgium <sup>2)</sup>	9.7	10.1	10.5	14.4	15.2	15.7	4.9	4.9	5.2
Denmark	11.7	12.2	.	16.5	17.3	.	6.8	7.1	.
Finland	16.0	17.2	.	22.7	24.6	.	8.9	9.4	.
France	19.6	20.2	.	27.1	28.3	.	12.1	12.1	.
Germany	8.2	8.0	8.1	12.6	12.2	12.2	3.6	3.6	3.8
Ireland	23.2	21.7	20.5	28.6	27.4	26.4	17.8	15.9	14.6
Italy	5.7	6.1	.	7.1	7.6	.	4.2	4.5	.
Netherlands	5.8	6.1	6.6	9.5	10.0	10.8	2.1	2.1	2.4
Portugal	6.2	6.5	<sup>3)</sup> 7.4	7.1	7.4	<sup>3)</sup> 8.6	5.2	5.5	<sup>3)</sup> 6.1
Spain	9.9	11.3	12.2	13.3	15.1	16.5	6.4	7.2	7.7
Sweden	11.6	12.4	13.3	15.5	16.1	17.0	7.6	8.4	9.3
United Kingdom	16.2	<sup>4)</sup> 19.5	<sup>4)</sup> 19.5	21.4	<sup>4)</sup> 25.6	<sup>4)</sup> 25.5	10.8	<sup>4)</sup> 13.1	<sup>4)</sup> 13.2
EU 15	<sup>5)</sup> 11.0	.	.	<sup>5)</sup> 15.1	.	.	<sup>5)</sup> 6.7	.	.
Iceland	8.4	9.1	9.2	10.3	11.6	12.1	6.5	6.6	6.2
Norway	7.9	8.6	7.7	11.4	12.6	11.1	4.3	4.4	4.2
Bulgaria	6.6	7.9	11.7	7.0	9.3	13.8	6.1	6.5	9.5
Cyprus <sup>6)</sup>	3.4	3.7	.	4.9	5.0	.	2.0	2.5	.
Czech Republic	5.5	5.6	5.7	7.8	8.0	8.3	3.0	3.1	3.5
Estonia <sup>7)</sup>	7.0	7.3	6.6	9.0	9.6	7.9	5.0	4.9	5.4
Hungary	4.5	3.7	4.8	6.8	5.1	6.8	2.1	2.2	2.8
Latvia	7.5	7.6	8.1	10.1	8.8	9.7	4.7	6.4	6.5
Lithuania	13.5	14.8	14.6	17.2	18.9	18.3	9.7	10.6	10.9
Malta	0.0	2.7	.	5.8	4.0	.	1.6	1.4	.
Poland	<sup>8)</sup> 6.6	7.4	8.1	.	9.4	10.3	.	5.3	5.8
Romania <sup>9)</sup>	4.5	4.9	5.8	5.8	6.2	7.3	3.2	3.5	4.4
Slovakia	5.3	7.5	7.8	7.3	9.9	10.1	3.2	4.9	5.3
Slovenia	8.9	8.2	9.5	13.3	12.0	13.9	4.2	4.1	4.8

<sup>1)</sup> ISCED level 5B (2000) refers to previous years. ISCED 5B is excluded 2002.

<sup>2)</sup> Data for the Flemish community exclude second qualifications 2000 to 2002.

<sup>3)</sup> Provisional data

<sup>4)</sup> Change in reporting methodology – 2001 and 2002 data are not comparable with 2000.

<sup>5)</sup> Eurostat estimate

<sup>6)</sup> Data exclude tertiary students graduating abroad. The number of students studying abroad accounts for over half of the total number of Cypriot tertiary students. The fields of study in Cyprus are limited.

<sup>7)</sup> Data exclude Master degrees (ISCED 5A second degrees).

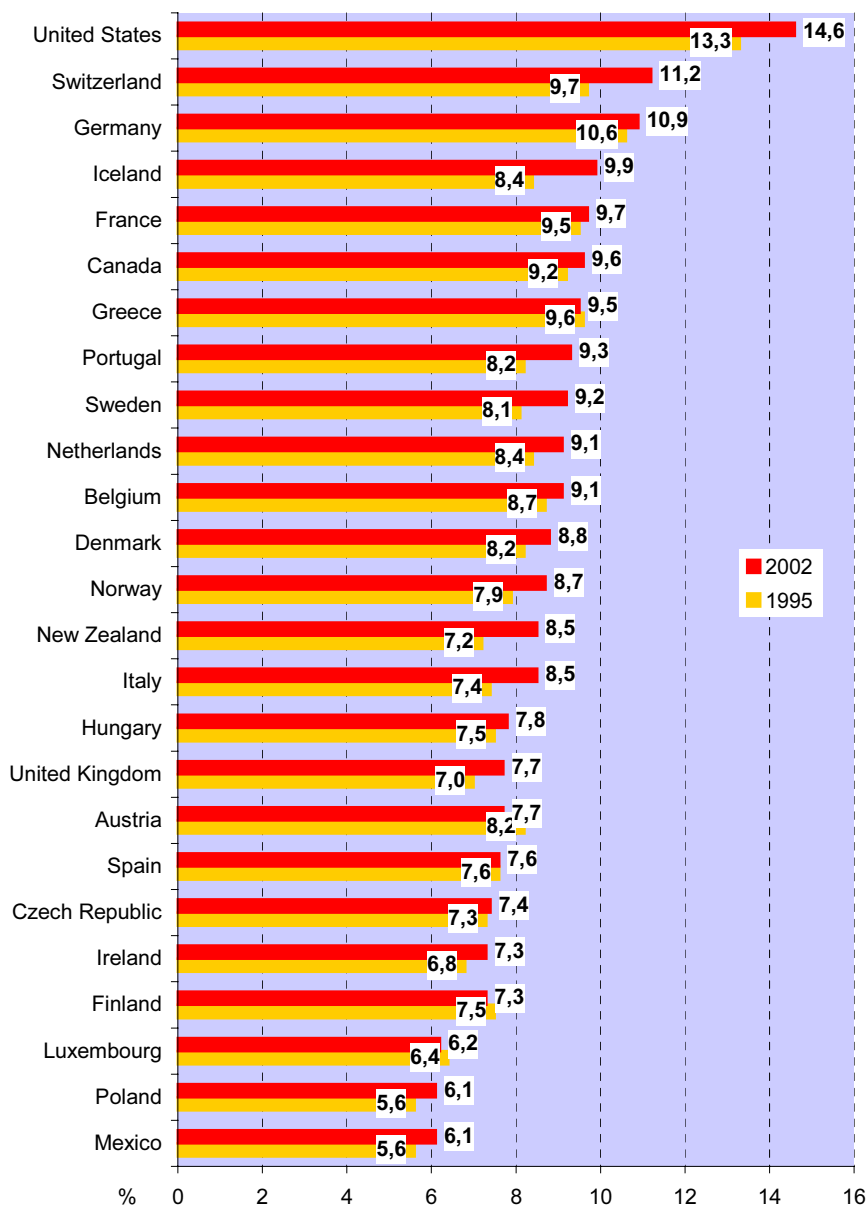
<sup>8)</sup> Data exclude advanced research programmes (ISCED level 6) except for 2001.

<sup>9)</sup> Data exclude advanced research programmes (ISCED level 6). Data exclude second qualifications.

## 4. HEALTH AND SOCIAL SITUATION



### 4.1 Total expenditure on health, % GDP



Source: OECD Health Data 2004 1st edition

## 4. HEALTH AND SOCIAL SITUATION



### 4.2 Total expenditure on health per capita <sup>1)</sup>

Country or area	Total expenditure on health per capita (USD, PPP)			
	1995	2000	2001	2002
Australia	1 737	2 379	2 504	.
Austria	1 865	2 147	2 174	2 220
Belgium	1 882	2 288	2 441	2 515
Canada	2 044	2 541	2 743	2 931
Cyprus	.	.	1 293	.
Czech Republic	876	977	1 083	1 118
Denmark	1 843	2 351	2 523	2 580
Estonia	240	594	559	.
Finland	1 428	1 698	1 841	1 943
France	2 025	2 416	2 588	2 736
Germany	2 263	2 640	2 735	2 817
Greece	1 269	1 617	1 670	1 814
Hungary	674	847	961	1 079
Iceland	1 853	2 559	2 680	2 807
Ireland	1 208	1 774	2 059	2 367
Italy	1 524	2 001	2 107	2 166
Japan	1 530	1 958	2 077	.
Korea	500	778	931	.
Latvia	138	338	387	.
Lithuania	200	433	491	.
Luxembourg	2 053	2 682	2 900	3 065
Malta	.	1 522	1 174	.
Mexico	380	493	535	553
Netherlands	1 827	2 196	2 455	2 643
New Zealand	1 238	1 611	1 710	1 857
Norway	1 892	2 747	2 946	3 083
Poland	423	578	629	654
Portugal	1 080	1 570	1 662	1 702
Romania	142	263	245	.
Russia	97	243	.	.
Slovakia	.	591	633	698
Slovenia	975	1 389	1 405	.
Spain	1 195	1 493	1 567	1 646
Sweden	1 733	2 243	2 370	2 517
Switzerland	2 555	3 111	3 288	3 445
Turkey	184	446	.	.
United Kingdom	1 393	1 839	2 012	2 160
United States	3 655	4 538	4 869	5 267
EU 15	1 703	2 089	2 214	2 323
EU 25	1 542	1 910	2 031	2 128

<sup>1)</sup> Expenditure expressed in „International dollars“. The Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) is adjusted to the relative domestic purchasing power of the national currency as compared to the USD, rather than using the official exchange rate.

Source: OECD Health Data 2004, 1st edition; WHO Regional Office for Europe

## 4. HEALTH AND SOCIAL SITUATION



### 4.3 Life expectancy at birth, years

Country	Females at birth				Males at birth			
	1995	2000	2001	2002	1995	2000	2001	2002
Australia	80.8	82.0	82.4	82.6	75.0	76.6	77.0	77.4
Austria	79.9	81.1	81.5	81.7	73.3	75.1	75.6	75.8
Belgium	80.2	80.8	81.1	81.1	73.4	74.6	74.9	75.1
Canada	81.1	82.0	82.2	.	75.1	76.7	77.1	.
Czech Republic	76.6	78.4	78.5	78.7	69.7	71.7	72.1	72.1
Denmark	77.8	79.3	79.3	79.5	72.7	74.5	74.7	74.8
Finland	80.2	81.0	81.5	81.5	72.8	74.2	74.6	74.9
France	81.8	82.7	82.9	82.9	73.9	75.3	75.5	75.6
Germany	79.7	81.0	81.3	81.6	73.3	75.0	75.6	75.6
Greece	80.3	80.6	80.7	80.7	75.0	75.5	75.4	75.4
Hungary	74.5	75.9	76.4	76.7	65.3	67.4	68.1	68.4
Iceland	80.0	81.4	82.2	82.3	75.9	78.0	78.3	78.5
Ireland	78.4	79.1	79.7	80.3	72.9	73.9	74.7	75.2
Italy	81.3	82.5	82.8	82.9	74.9	76.6	76.7	76.8
Japan	82.9	84.6	84.9	85.2	76.4	77.7	78.1	78.3
Korea	77.4	.	80.0	.	69.6	.	72.8	.
Luxembourg	80.2	81.1	80.7	81.5	73.0	74.8	75.2	74.9
Mexico	75.3	76.5	76.8	77.1	70.0	71.6	71.9	72.1
Netherlands	80.4	80.5	80.7	80.7	74.6	75.5	75.8	76.0
New Zealand	79.5	80.9	80.9	81.2	74.2	76.0	76.0	76.6
Norway	80.8	81.4	81.5	81.5	74.8	76.0	76.2	76.4
Poland	76.4	77.9	78.3	78.7	67.6	69.7	70.2	70.4
Portugal	78.7	80.0	80.3	80.5	71.6	73.2	73.5	73.8
Slovakia	76.3	77.4	77.7	77.8	68.4	69.2	69.6	69.9
Spain	81.5	82.5	82.9	83.1	74.3	75.7	75.6	75.7
Sweden	81.4	82.0	82.1	82.1	76.2	77.4	77.6	77.7
Switzerland	81.7	82.6	83.0	83.0	75.3	76.9	77.4	77.8
Turkey	69.4	70.4	70.6	70.9	64.9	65.8	66.0	66.2
United Kingdom	79.2	80.2	80.4	80.5	74.0	75.5	75.7	75.8
United States	78.9	79.5	79.8	79.8	72.5	74.1	74.4	74.6
EU 15	80.4	81.4	81.6	.	73.9	75.3	75.5	.

Source: OECD Health Data 2004 1st edition; Eurostat

## 4. HEALTH AND SOCIAL SITUATION



### 4.4 Infant mortality - deaths per 1 000 live births

Country	1960	1970	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002
Australia	20.2	17.9	10.7	8.2	5.7	5.2	5.3	5.0
Austria	37.5	25.9	14.3	7.8	5.4	4.8	4.8	4.1
Belgium	31.2	21.1	12.1	8.0	6.1	4.8	4.5	4.9
Canada	27.3	18.8	10.4	6.8	6.0	5.3	5.2	.
Czech Republic	20.0	20.2	16.9	10.8	7.7	4.1	4.0	4.2
Denmark	21.5	14.2	8.4	7.5	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.4
Finland	21.0	13.2	7.6	5.6	3.9	3.8	3.2	3.0
France	27.5	18.2	10.0	7.3	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.2
Germany	35.0	22.5	12.4	7.0	5.3	4.4	4.3	4.3
Greece	40.1	29.6	17.9	9.7	8.1	6.1	5.1	5.9
Hungary	47.6	35.9	23.2	14.8	10.7	9.2	8.1	7.2
Iceland	13.0	13.2	7.7	5.9	6.1	3.0	2.7	2.2
Ireland	29.3	19.5	11.1	8.2	6.4	6.2	5.7	5.1
Italy	43.9	29.6	14.6	8.2	6.2	4.5	4.7	4.7
Japan	30.7	13.1	7.5	4.6	4.3	3.2	3.1	3.0
Luxembourg	31.5	24.9	11.5	7.3	5.5	5.1	5.9	5.1
Mexico	.	79.3	50.9	36.1	27.5	23.3	22.4	21.4
Netherlands	17.9	12.7	8.6	7.1	5.5	5.1	5.4	5.0
New Zealand	22.6	16.7	13.0	8.4	6.7	6.3	.	.
Norway	18.9	12.7	8.1	7.0	4.0	3.8	3.9	.
Poland	54.8	36.7	25.5	19.3	13.6	8.1	7.7	7.5
Portugal	77.5	55.5	24.3	11.0	7.5	5.5	5.0	5.0
Slovakia	28.6	25.7	20.9	12.0	11.0	8.6	6.2	7.6
Spain	43.7	28.1	12.3	7.6	5.5	3.9	3.5	3.4
Sweden	16.6	11.0	6.9	6.0	4.1	3.4	3.7	2.8
Switzerland	21.1	15.1	9.1	6.8	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.5
Turkey	189.5	145.0	117.5	57.6	45.6	41.9	40.6	39.4
United Kingdom	22.5	18.5	12.1	7.9	6.2	5.6	5.5	5.3
United States	26.0	20.0	12.6	9.2	7.6	6.9	6.8	.

Source: OECD Health Data 2004 1st edition

## 4. HEALTH AND SOCIAL SITUATION



### 4.5 Practising physicians - density per 1 000 population (head counts)

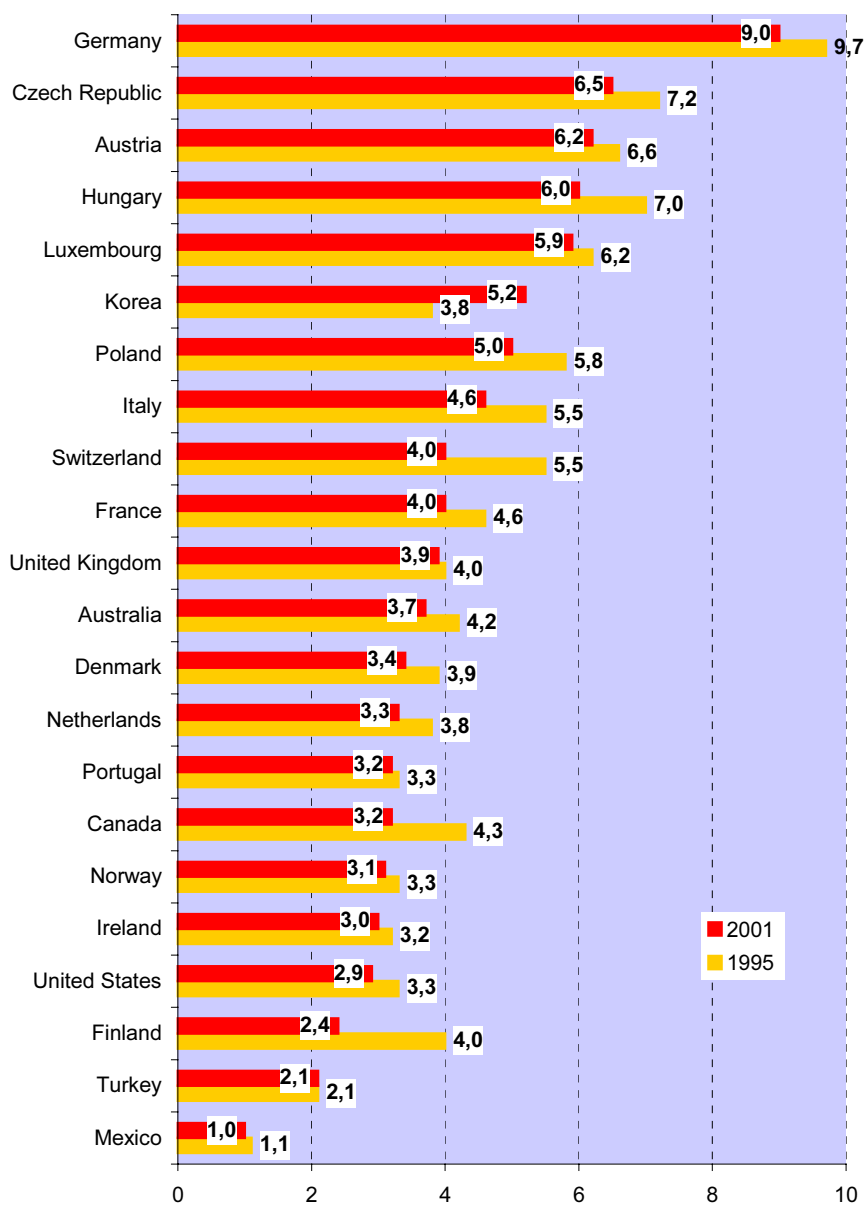
Country	1960	1970	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002
Australia	.	.	.	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.5	.
Austria	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.2	2.7	3.2	3.3	3.3
Belgium	1.3	.	2.3	3.3	3.5	3.9	3.9	3.9
Canada	.	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Czech Republic	.	1.8	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.5
Denmark	1.2	1.4	2.2	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.3
Finland	0.6	0.9	1.7	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.1
France	.	1.2	1.9	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3
Germany	.	.	.	.	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.3
Greece	1.3	1.6	2.4	3.4	3.9	4.5	4.5	.
Hungary	1.5	2.0	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.2
Iceland	1.2	1.4	2.1	2.8	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.6
Ireland	.	.	.	.	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.4
Italy	.	.	.	.	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.4
Japan	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.7	.	1.9	.	2.0
Korea	.	.	.	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5
Luxembourg	1.0	1.1	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.6
Mexico	.	.	.	.	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5
Netherlands	1.1	1.2	1.9	2.5	.	3.2	3.3	3.1
New Zealand	.	.	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1
Norway	1.2	1.4	2.0	.	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.4
Poland	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3
Portugal	0.8	0.9	2.0	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.2	.
Slovakia	.	.	.	.	2.6	3.7	3.6	3.6
Spain	.	.	.	.	2.5	3.1	3.0	2.9
Sweden	1.0	1.3	2.2	2.9	2.8	3.0	.	.
Switzerland	1.4	1.5	2.5	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.5	3.6
Turkey	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3
United Kingdom	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.1
United States	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	.

Source: OECD Health Data 2004 1st edition; Eurostat

## 4. HEALTH AND SOCIAL SITUATION



### 4.6 Acute care beds - per 1 000 population



Source: OECD Health Data 2004 1st edition



## 4. HEALTH AND SOCIAL SITUATION



### 4.7 Basic HIV/AIDS indicators, UNAIDS estimates

Country	Estimated number of people living with HIV Adults (15-49)				AIDS deaths in adults and children	
	end 2001		end 2003		end 2001	end 2003
	Number	Rate (%)	Number	Rate (%)		
Europe						
Austria	9 900	0.2	10 000	0.3	<100	<100
Belgium	8 100	0.2	10 000	0.2	<100	<100
Czech Republic	2 100	<0.1	2 500	0.1	.	.
Denmark	4 600	0.2	5 000	0.2	<100	<100
Estonia	5 000	0.7	7 700	1.1	<200	<200
France	110 000	0.4	120 000	0.4	<1 000	<1 000
Germany	41 000	0.1	43 000	0.1	<1 000	<1 000
Greece	8 800	0.2	9 000	0.2	<100	<100
Hungary	.	.	2 800	0.1	.	.
Ireland	2 200	0.1	2 600	0.1	<100	<100
Italy	130 000	0.5	140 000	0.5	<1 000	<1 000
Latvia	5 900	0.5	7 500	0.6	<200	<500
Lithuania	1 100	0.1	1 300	0.1	<200	<200
Netherlands	17 000	0.2	19 000	0.2	<100	<100
Poland	.	.	14 000	0.1	.	.
Portugal	21 000	0.4	22 000	0.4	<1 000	<1 000
Russia	530 000	0.7	860 000	1.1	.	.
Spain	130 000	0.6	130 000	0.7	<1 000	<1 000
Switzerland	12 000	0.4	13 000	0.4	<200	<200
Ukraine	300 000	1.2	360 000	1.4	14 000	20 000
United Kingdom	39 000	0.2	47 000	0.2	<500	<500
Africa						
Dem. Rep. of Congo	950 000	4.2	1 000 000	4.2	100 000	100 000
Ethiopia	1 200 000	4.1	1 400 000	4.4	100 000	120 000
Kenya	1 200 000	8.0	1 100 000	6.7	140 000	150 000
Mozambique	1 100 000	12.1	1 200 000	12.2	89 000	110 000
Nigeria	3 100 000	5.5	3 300 000	5.4	260 000	310 000
South Africa	4 800 000	20.9	5 100 000	21.5	270 000	370 000
Tanzania	1 400 000	9.0	1 500 000	8.8	150 000	160 000
Zimbabwe	1 600 000	24.9	1 600 000	24.6	160 000	170 000
Others						
Australia	12 000	0.1	14 000	0.1	<200	<200
Canada	48 000	0.3	55 000	0.3	1 500	1 500
China	650 000	0.1	830 000	0.1	30 000	44 000
India	3 800 000	0.8	5 000 000	0.9	.	.
Japan	12 000	<0.1	12 000	<0.1	<500	<500
United States	890 000	0.6	940 000	0.6	14 000	14 000
World Total	32 900 000	1.0	35 700 000	1.1	2 500 000	2 900 000

Source: Report on the global AIDS epidemic 2004, UNAIDS

## 5. ENVIRONMENT



### 5.1 Carbon dioxide emissions (CO<sub>2</sub>), metric tons per capita

Country	1990	1995	1999	2000
Australia	16.45	16.66	17.91	18.12
Austria	8.06	7.96	8.15	8.16
Belgium	11.84	12.59	12.28	12.39
Canada	17.02	17.06	18.03	18.57
Czech Republic	15.91	12.47	11.78	12.46
Denmark	10.24	11.67	10.79	9.93
Estonia	24.06	13.36	12.15	12.32
Finland	12.53	12.27	12.40	12.04
France	6.95	6.72	6.89	6.78
Germany	12.77	11.07	10.45	10.43
Greece	8.30	8.38	9.10	9.51
Hungary	8.07	5.85	5.98	5.94
Iceland	8.10	8.33	8.93	8.66
Ireland	8.99	9.57	11.11	11.50
Italy	7.75	7.77	7.95	8.05
Japan	9.06	9.63	9.73	9.74
Latvia	8.67	4.06	3.15	2.89
Luxembourg	33.77	23.56	12.66	12.40
Netherlands	10.68	11.17	10.88	10.92
New Zealand	7.52	7.55	8.09	8.15
Norway	8.29	8.66	9.38	9.23
Poland	12.51	9.02	8.52	8.14
Portugal	4.46	5.31	6.41	6.31
Slovakia	11.37	8.37	8.09	7.69
Spain	5.78	6.37	7.27	7.52
Sweden	6.55	6.64	6.38	6.31
Switzerland	6.50	6.16	6.25	6.11
United Kingdom	10.28	9.49	9.17	9.25
United States	19.55	19.66	20.09	20.49

Source: Secretariat of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

## 5. ENVIRONMENT



### 5.2 Highest percentage of forested land area, 1990 - 2000

Country	Forested land area as percentage of land area <sup>1)</sup>		Change
	1990	2000	
Cook Islands	95.7	95.7	0.0
Suriname	90.5	90.5	0.0
French Guiana	89.9	89.9	0.0
Solomon Islands	90.3	88.8	-1.5
Gabon	85.1	84.7	-0.4
Bahamas	84.1	84.1	0.0
Brunei Darussalam	85.8	83.9	-1.9
Guyana	80.8	78.5	-2.3
Palau	76.1	76.1	0.0
Finland	71.8	72.0	0.2
Korea, Dem. People's Rep. of	68.2	68.2	0.0
Papua New Guinea	70.1	67.6	-2.5
Seychelles	66.7	66.7	0.0
Sweden	65.9	65.9	0.0
Congo	65.1	64.6	-0.5
Brazil	67.0	64.3	-2.7
Bhutan	64.2	64.2	0.0
Japan	63.9	64.0	0.1
Korea, Republic of	63.8	63.3	-0.5
Equatorial Guinea	66.2	62.5	-3.7
Czech Republic	34.0	34.1	0.1

<sup>1)</sup> FAO estimates

### 5.3 Highest decrease of forested land area, 1990 - 2000

Country	Forested land area as percentage of land area <sup>1)</sup>		change
	1990	2000	
Belize	74.7	59.1	-15.6
Micronesia, Fed. States of	34.8	21.7	-13.1
Zambia	53.5	42.0	-11.5
Nicaragua	36.7	27.0	-9.7
Samoa	46.1	37.2	-8.9
Cote d'Ivoire	30.7	22.4	-8.3
Zimbabwe	57.5	49.2	-8.3
Saint Lucia	23.0	14.8	-8.2
Myanmar	60.2	52.3	-7.9
Malawi	34.7	27.2	-7.5
Malaysia	65.9	58.7	-7.2
Indonesia	65.2	58.0	-7.2
Panama	45.6	38.6	-7.0
Liberia	38.1	31.3	-6.8
Benin	30.3	24.0	-6.3
Rwanda	18.5	12.4	-6.1
Guinea-Bissau	66.5	60.5	-6.0
Burundi	9.4	3.7	-5.7
Dominica	66.7	61.3	-5.4
Nepal	32.7	27.3	-5.4

<sup>1)</sup> FAO estimates

Source: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Database – FAOSTAT



#### 5.4 Nationally protected areas<sup>1)</sup>, 2002

Country	Number of areas		Area (km <sup>2</sup> )		% of national territory
	1980	2002	1980	2002	2002
Albania	25	52	580	1 029	3.6
Austria	195	294	9 506	22 114	26.4
Belarus	56	82	6 852	8 757	4.2
Belgium	15	21	82	816	2.7
Bulgaria	94	112	1 359	4 924	4.4
Canada	1 738	2 817	726 575	1 055 525	10.6
Croatia	151	195	1 147	4 211	7.4
Cyprus	4	10	667	782	8.5
Czech Republic	711	1 765	10 063	12 441	15.8
Denmark	66	85	2 044	3 517	8.2
Estonia	123	217	3 026	4 993	11.1
Finland	31	270	5 062	28 408	8.4
France	220	1 309	47 406	77 276	14.0
Germany	2 699	7 288	81 857	111 084	31.1
Greece	64	88	1 335	4 696	3.6
Hungary	115	186	3 725	6 492	7.0
Iceland	47	79	6 624	9 807	9.5
Ireland	8	71	135	660	0.9
Israel	127	141	415	3 159	15.0
Italy	196	408	7 306	24 365	8.1
Latvia	156	209	2 988	8 288	12.8
Lithuania	16	79	895	6 456	9.9
Luxembourg	1	138	360	526	20.3
Netherlands	27	51	836	3 930	9.5
Norway	40	180	7 703	20 936	6.5
Poland	26	56	7 889	30 208	9.3
Portugal	26	56	3 973	6 024	6.5
Romania	69	106	1 421	10 884	4.6
Russia	98	238	164 167	581 320	3.4
Slovenia	6	32	858	1 203	5.9
Spain	56	312	15 591	42 322	8.4
Sweden	942	1 644	12 339	36 106	8.0
Switzerland	82	191	2 154	8 116	19.7
Turkey	29	82	4 642	11 930	1.5
Ukraine	2 018	4 942	6 736	22 265	3.7
United Kingdom	304	506	40 456	48 066	19.8
United States	1 333	1 799	1 174 802	1 618 387	16.8

<sup>1)</sup> International Union for the Conservation of Nature: Categories I-VI

Source: GEO-3 Data Compendium, UNEP

## 5. ENVIRONMENT



### 5.5 Agricultural pressures on the environment, 2000

Country	Cultivated land <sup>1)</sup>			Irrigated land			Total fertilizer consumption	
	1 000 hectares		% of total land area	1 000 hectares		% of total land area	1 000 metric tons	Kg per 1 hectare cultivated land
	1992	2000	2000	1992	2000	2000	2000	2000
Austria	1 506	1 470	18	4	4	0.05	223	152
Albania	703	699	24	350	340	12	9	13
Belarus	6 261	6 257	30	130	115	0.6	805	129
Belgium and Lux.	785	837	25	18	35	1	287	343
Bulgaria	4 330	4 636	42	1 237	800	7	146	31
Canada	45 500	45 700	5	720	720	0.1	2 477	54
Croatia	1 325	1 586	28	2	3	0.1	222	140
Cyprus	156	143	15	38	40	4	14	101
Czech Republic	.	3 318	42	.	24	0.3	300	90
Denmark	2 548	2 289	53	435	447	10	366	160
Estonia	1 147	1 134	25	4	4	0.1	29	26
Finland	2 286	2 191	6	64	64	0.2	308	141
France	19 235	19 582	36	1 400	2 200	4	4 145	212
Germany	11 708	12 020	34	482	485	1	2 743	228
Greece	3 942	3 854	29	1 289	1 451	11	458	119
Hungary	4 972	4 803	52	224	210	2	472	98
Iceland	6	7	0.1	.	.	.	21	3 000
Ireland	1 006	1 053	15	.	.	.	626	594
Israel	432	418	20	187	194	9	107	256
Italy	11 629	10 825	36	2 700	2 700	9	1 726	159
Latvia	1 710	1 874	29	20	20	0.3	51	27
Lithuania	3 053	2 992	46	9	7	0.1	160	53
Malta	13	9	28	1	2	6	0.75	83
Netherlands	922	944	23	560	565	14	425	450
Norway	883	883	3	97	127	0.4	196	222
Poland	14 699	14 330	44	100	100	0.3	1 518	106
Portugal	3 040	2 705	29	631	650	7	228	84
Romania	9 960	9 865	41	3 100	2 673	11	365	37
Russia	133 708	126 820	7	5 553	4 600	0.3	1 420	11
Slovakia	.	1 576	32	.	183	4	101	64
Slovenia	236	204	10	2	3	0.1	75	369
Spain	19 947	18 217	36	3 403	3 655	7	2 149	118
Sweden	2 768	2 706	6	115	115	0.3	280	104
Switzerland	430	437	11	25	25	1	102	233
Turkey	27 526	26 672	34	4 000	4 500	6	2 089	78
Ukraine	34 456	33 496	55	2 605	2 408	4	440	13
United Kingdom	6 618	5 928	24	108	108	0.4	1 694	286
United States	186 180	179 000	19	21 400	22 400	2	18 507	103

<sup>1)</sup> Cultivated land means arable land and land under permanent crops

Source: Faostat, FAO

## 5. ENVIRONMENT



### 5.6 Generation of municipal waste, total and per capita, 1995 and 2000

Country or area	Total amounts generated (1000 metric tons)				Amounts per capita (kg/capita)			
	Municipal waste		of which: Household waste		Municipal waste		of which: Household waste	
	1995	2000 <sup>1)</sup>	1995	2000 <sup>1)</sup>	1995	2000 <sup>1)</sup>	1995	2000 <sup>1)</sup>
Austria	3 476	4 496	2 644	3 096	430	560	330	380
Belgium	5 014	5 588	4 291	4 574	490	550	420	450
Czech Republic	3 200	3 434	2 600	.	310	330	250	.
Denmark	2 960	3 546	2 610	3 084	570	660	500	580
Finland	2 100	2 400	870	960	410	460	170	190
France	29 117	30 744	20 896	22 041	490	510	350	360
Germany	43 486	44 094	24 203	35 177	540	540	300	430
Hungary	4 752	4 552	2 543	2 674	460	450	250	270
Iceland	166	198	64	74	620	710	240	260
Ireland	1 848	2 057	1 325	1 221	510	560	370	330
Luxembourg	240	278	193	221	580	640	470	510
Netherlands	8 465	9 691	7 232	8 495	550	610	470	530
Norway	2 722	2 755	1 174	1 452	640	620	270	330
Poland	10 985	12 226	7 645	8 480	280	320	200	220
Slovakia	1 620	1 706	1 215	1 093	300	320	230	200
Switzerland	4 253	4 681	2 836	3 229	600	650	400	450
United Kingdom	28 900	33 200	24 600	28 460	490	560	420	480
Japan	50 694	51 446	.	33 968	400	410	.	270
Korea	17 438	16 950	15 411	14 375	390	360	340	300
Mexico	30 509	30 733	24 407	25 714	340	310	270	260
United States	191 746	208 520	115 102	125 112	730	760	440	460
OECD Total	497 000	551 000	.	.	520	560	.	.
EU 15	165 000	188 000	.	.	460	520	.	.

<sup>1)</sup> or latest year available

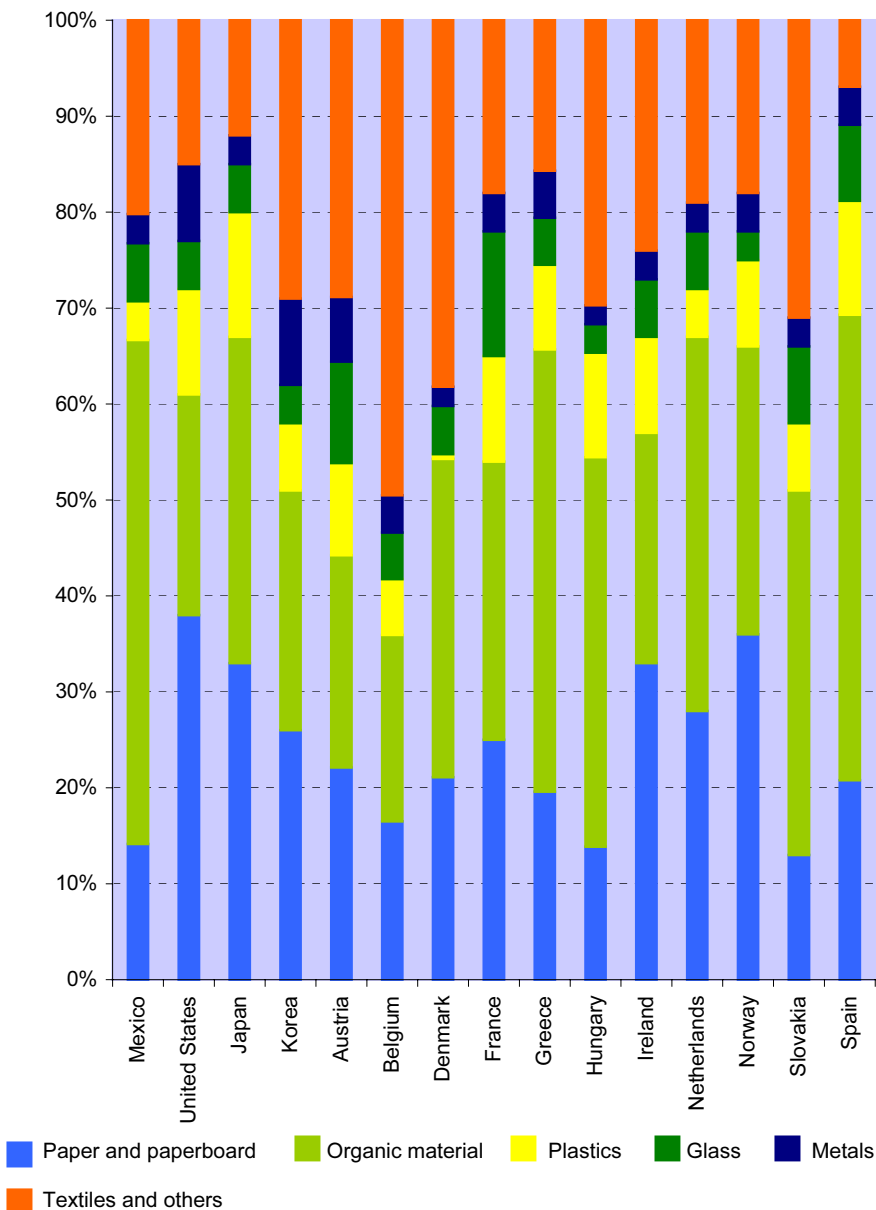
**Municipal waste** is waste collected by or on the order of municipalities. It includes waste originating from households, commercial activities, office buildings, institutions such as schools and government buildings, and small businesses that dispose of waste at the same facilities used for municipally collected waste.

Household waste is waste generated by the domestic activity of households. It includes garbage, bulky waste and separately collected waste. (National definitions may differ.)

Source: OECD Environmental Data 2002



## 5.7 Composition of municipal waste, 2000, in %

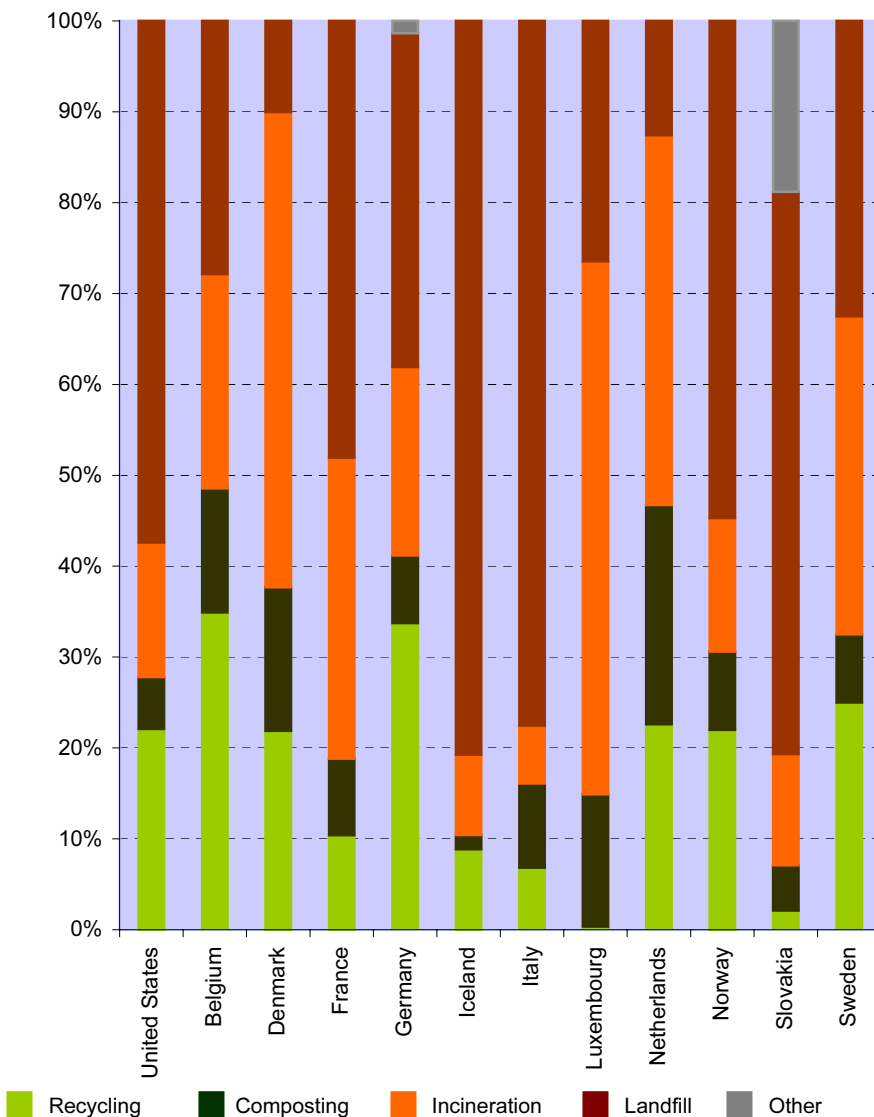


Source: OECD Environmental Data 2002

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### 5.8 Disposal of municipal waste, latest year available, in %



Data for: 2000 – Denmark, Iceland, Netherlands, Norway, Slovakia  
 1999 – United States, Belgium, France, Luxembourg  
 1998 – Germany, Sweden  
 1997 – Italy

Source: OECD Environmental Data 2002



## 5. ENVIRONMENT



### 5.9 World top producers of nuclear electricity, 2001

Country	TWh	% of World total
United States	808	30.5
France	421	15.9
Japan	320	12.1
Germany	171	6.4
Russia	137	5.2
Korea	112	4.2
United Kingdom	90	3.4
Canada	77	2.9
Ukraine	76	2.9
Sweden	72	2.7
Rest of the World	369	13.8
World	2 653	100.0
Czech Republic	15	0.6

### 5.10 Nuclear electricity - installed capacity, 2001

Country	GW
United States	95
France	63
Japan	44
Germany	21
Russia	21
Canada	14
Korea	13
United Kingdom	12
Ukraine	11
Sweden	9
Rest of the World	53
World	356
Czech Republic	2

### 5.11 Share of nuclear energy in total domestic electricity generation, 2001

Country	%
France	77
Sweden	45
Ukraine	44
Korea	40
Japan	31
Germany	30
United Kingdom	23
United States	21
Russia	15
Canada	13
Rest of the World <sup>1)</sup>	9
World	17

<sup>1)</sup> Countries with nuclear production only

## 5. ENVIRONMENT



### 5.12 World top producers of hydro electricity, 2001

Country	TWh	% of World total
Canada	333	12.6
China	277	10.5
Brazil	268	10.1
United States	223	8.4
Russia	176	6.7
Norway	124	4.7
Japan	94	3.6
Sweden	79	3.0
France	79	3.0
India	74	2.8
Rest of the World	919	34.6
World	2 646	100.0
Czech Republic	2	.

### 5.13 Hydro electricity - installed capacity, 2000

Country	GW
United States	98
Canada	67
Brazil	61
China	55
Japan	45
Russia	44
Norway	30
France	25
India	24
Italy	22
Rest of the World	284
World	755
Czech Republic	2

### 5.14 Share of hydro energy in total domestic electricity generation, 2001

Country	%
Norway	99.3
Brazil	81.7
Canada	56.7
Sweden	49.0
Russia	19.7
China	18.9
France	14.3
India	12.8
Japan	9.0
United States	5.7
Rest of the World <sup>1)</sup>	16.5
World	17.0

<sup>1)</sup> Countries with hydro production only.

Source: IEA, Key World Energy Statistics, 2003